TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and

financial statements shall prevail.

# TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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#### TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises

For the year ended December 31, 2024, pursuant to Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises, the entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates, are the same as the entities required to be included in the consolidated financial statements under International Financial Reporting Standards 10. Also, if relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies, it shall not be required to prepare consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Hereby declare,

TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP.

March 4, 2025

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Ton Yi Industrial Corp.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Ton Yi Industrial Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2024 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **Existence of sales revenues**

#### **Description**

Refer to Note 4(29) for the accounting policy on revenue recognition and Note 6(19) for details of operating revenue. The Group has a large volume of transactions from sales of numerous kinds of products to a wide range of customers in many different locations such as Taiwan, Asia, Europe, America, etc. For the customers and dealers who are from remote districts, the sales revenue transactions need more time for verification. Thus, the existence of sales revenue has been identified as a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

Our key audit procedures performed in respect of the above key audit matter included the following:

- 1. Inspecting whether approved additions to the merchandise master file data had been correctly entered in the merchandise master file which include basic information of customers, such as name of representative, location of company, amount of capital and scope of business for evaluating the creditworthiness of buyers.
- 2. Understanding, evaluating and validating management's controls in respect of the Group's sales transactions from customer's order approval, goods delivery, sales recording, reconciliation of cash receipts and customer's records to subsequent settlement of trade receivables. In addition, testing the effectiveness of internal control environment over revenue recognition.

3. Performing substantive test on selected sales transactions including confirming orders, shipping documents, invoices and cash receipts to verify the existence of sales revenues.

#### **Inventory valuation of Tin Plate products**

#### Description

Refer to Note 4(9) for accounting policy on inventory, Note 5(2) for the critical accounting estimates and assumptions uncertainty in relation to inventory valuation and Note 6(5) for details of inventories. For the year ended December 31, 2024, inventory and allowance for price decline of inventories amounted to NT\$4,447,002 thousand and NT\$94,881 thousand, respectively.

The Group's raw materials are often subject to fluctuations in the international steel prices. However, as the Tin Plate products are considered necessities, such price changes may not be immediately reflected in material costs. In addition, the competition landscape within the steel industry in China will continue to affect the price of raw materials that would impact the estimation of net realizable value of inventory. Thus, the inventory valuation has been identified as a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

Our key audit procedures performed in respect of the above key audit matter included the following:

- 1. Evaluating the adequacy of allowance for inventory and the consistency of provision policy.
- 2. Assessing the reasonableness of the estimation of net realizable value of Tin plate products and discussing with management and examining related documents to confirm the adequacy of allowance for price decline.

#### Other matter – Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Ton Yi Industrial Corp. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

#### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists,

we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance, including audit committee, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance, including audit committee, with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, including audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we

determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Yeh, Fang-Ting

**Independent Accountants** 

Lin, Yung-Chih

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan Republic of China March 4, 2025

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

### TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Assets	Notes December 31, 202 AMOUNT		<u>24</u>		December 31, 2023 AMOUNT		
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	4,043,771	12	\$	3,308,211	10
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)						
	profit or loss - current			757	-		-	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(3)(4), 8 and 12		1,150,658	3		823,487	3
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3) and 12		2,853,765	8		1,627,756	5
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	6(3) and 7		2,183,122	6		1,722,526	5
1200	Other receivables			114,183	-		72,209	-
1220	Current income tax assets	6(26)		4,423	-		5,163	-
130X	Inventories	5(2) and 6(5)		4,352,121	13		4,143,695	13
1410	Prepayments			714,970	2		463,198	1
1476	Other financial assets - current			1,602			1,289	
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>			15,419,372	44		12,167,534	37
	Non-current assets							
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(6)						
	other comprehensive income - non-							
	current			93,379	-		118,781	1
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(7)(9)		16,220,961	47		17,038,631	52
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8) and 7		1,511,917	4		1,735,929	5
1760	Investment property, net	6(9)(10)		79,071	-		82,613	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)		3,067	-		3,734	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(26)		1,195,121	3		1,170,855	4
1915	Prepayments for business facilities	6(7)		182,552	1		151,207	1
1920	Guarantee deposits paid	7		31,869	-		30,604	-
1975	Net defined benefit asset - non-	6(15)						
	current			178,912	1		59,373	-
1990	Other non-current assets, others			6,950			13,579	
15XX	Total non-current assets			19,503,799	56		20,405,306	63
1XXX	Total assets		\$	34,923,171	100	\$	32,572,840	100

(Continued)

### TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT %	
	Current liabilities			_			
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(4)(12) and 8	\$	2,497,262	7	\$ 2,729,916	
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(19)		56,605	-	109,307	
2150	Notes payable			285	-		
2170	Accounts payable			1,975,893	6	1,244,194	
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		358,777	1	250,752	
2200	Other payables			1,940,914	6	1,465,225	
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		92,280	-	61,284	
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(26)		283,617	1	168,252	
2280	Lease liabilities - current	7		184,149	-	223,885	
2305	Other financial liabilities - current			25,580	-	26,309	
2365	Refund liabilities - current			19,148	-	21,810	
21XX	<b>Total current liabilities</b>			7,434,510	21	6,300,934	
	Non-current liabilities						
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(13)		3,750,000	11	4,150,000	
2550	Provisions - non-current	6(14)		87,468	-	85,858	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(26)		966,881	3	941,641	
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	7		930,874	3	1,116,271	
2630	Long-term deferred revenue			13,475	-	17,298	
2645	Guarantee deposits received			28,470	-	28,606	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			5,777,168	17	6,339,674	
2XXX	<b>Total liabilities</b>			13,211,678	38	12,640,608	
	Equity attributable to owners of						
	parent						
	Share capital						
3110	Common stock	6(16)		15,791,453	45	15,791,453	
3200	Capital surplus	6(17)		233,068	1	232,586	
	Retained earnings	6(18)					
3310	Legal reserve			2,379,154	7	2,307,402	
3320	Special reserve			1,898,479	5	1,412,342	
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			1,683,135	5	1,102,260	
3400	Other equity interest		(	1,223,069) (	4)	(1,898,479) (	
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of			_			
	the parent			20,762,220	59	18,947,564 58	
36XX	Non-controlling interests		·	949,273	3	984,668	
3XXX	Total equity			21,711,493	62	19,932,232	
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					
	unrecognized contract commitments						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	34,923,171	100	\$ 32,572,840 100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2023 AMOUNT % \$ 35,240,202 10  ( 31,900,081) ( 3,340,121
A000   Operating revenue	\$ 35,240,202 10  ( 31,900,081) ( 3,340,121
5000     Operating costs     6(5)(11)(15)(24)(25) and 7     39,384,395) (388	( 31,900,081) ( 3,340,121
5900     Gross profit from operations Operating expenses     6(10)(11)(15)(24)(25) , 7 and 12       6100     Selling expenses     ( 1,942,993) ( 4) ( 32)	3,340,121  ( 1,143,475) ( 1,147,264) ( 2,372 ( 2,288,367) ( 1,051,754
Operating expenses 6(10)(11)(15)(24)(25) , 7 and 12  6100 Selling expenses ( 1,942,993) ( 4) ( 6200 Administrative expenses ( 1,291,040) ( 3) ( 6450 Expected credit (losses) gains ( 9,973) - 6000 Total operating expenses ( 3,244,006) ( 7) ( 6900 Operating income Non-operating income and expenses  7100 Interest income 6(20) 57,602 - 7010 Other income 6(6)(9)(10)(21) 93,489 - 7020 Other gains and losses 6(2)(8)(12)(22), 7 and 12 50,378 - ( 7050 Finance costs 6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23) and 7 ( 204,594) - (	( 1,143,475) ( 1,147,264) ( 2,372 ( 2,288,367) ( 1,051,754
, 7 and 12  6100 Selling expenses	( 1,147,264) ( 2,372 ( 2,288,367) ( 1,051,754
6100 Selling expenses	( 1,147,264) ( 2,372 ( 2,288,367) ( 1,051,754
6450         Expected credit (losses) gains         (         9,973)         -           6000         Total operating expenses         (         3,244,006)         (         7)         (           6900         Operating income         2,230,897         5         5           7100         Interest income         6(20)         57,602         -           7010         Other income         6(6)(9)(10)(21)         93,489         -           7020         Other gains and losses         6(2)(8)(12)(22), 7         3         3         - (           7050         Finance costs         6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23)         3         - (         204,594)         - (           7000         Total non-operating income and         Total non-operating income and         - (         204,594)         - (	(2,372 (2,288,367) ( 1,051,754 (61,155 114,101
6000 Total operating expenses ( 3,244,006) ( 7) ( 6000 Operating income	( 2,288,367) ( 1,051,754 61,155 114,101
6900         Operating income Non-operating income and expenses         2,230,897         5           7100         Interest income         6(20)         57,602         -           7010         Other income         6(6)(9)(10)(21)         93,489         -           7020         Other gains and losses         6(2)(8)(12)(22), 7         -         -           7050         Finance costs         6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23)         -         -         (         204,594)         -         (           7000         Total non-operating income and         Total non-operating income and         -	1,051,754 61,155 114,101
Non-operating income and expenses  7100 Interest income 6(20) 57,602 - 7010 Other income 6(6)(9)(10)(21) 93,489 - 7020 Other gains and losses 6(2)(8)(12)(22), 7 and 12 50,378 - ( 7050 Finance costs 6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23) and 7 ( 204,594) - (	61,155 114,101
7100         Interest income         6(20)         57,602         -           7010         Other income         6(6)(9)(10)(21)         93,489         -           7020         Other gains and losses         6(2)(8)(12)(22), 7         -         -           3050         Finance costs         6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23)         -         -         -           7000         Total non-operating income and         -         <	114,101
7010 Other income $6(6)(9)(10)(21)$ 93,489 - 7020 Other gains and losses $6(2)(8)(12)(22)$ , 7 and 12 50,378 - (7050 Finance costs $6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23)$ and 7 ( $204,594$ ) - (7000 Total non-operating income and	114,101
7020 Other gains and losses $6(2)(8)(12)(22)$ , 7 and 12 $50,378$ - (7050 Finance costs $6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23)$ and 7 ( $204,594$ ) - (7000 Total non-operating income and	
and 12 50,378 - ( 7050 Finance costs 6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23) and 7 ( 204,594) - ( 7000 Total non-operating income and	( 17,384)
7050 Finance costs 6(4)(7)(8)(14)(23) and 7 ( 204,594) - ( 7000 Total non-operating income and	( 17,384)
and 7 ( 204,594) - ( 7000 Total non-operating income and	
7000 Total non-operating income and	( 185,034)
expenses ( 3.125) - (	(
•	((27,162)
7900 <b>Profit before income tax</b> 2,227,772 5	1,024,592
7950 Income tax expense $6(26)$ (	((429,692) (
8200 <b>Profit for the year</b> <u>\$ 1,461,109                                   </u>	\$ 594,900
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  8311 Gain on remeasurements of defined benefit plan \$99,689 -  8316 Unrealized (loss) gain from investments in equity instruments	\$ 45,436
measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ( 25,402) -  8349 Income tax related to components of 6(26) other comprehensive loss that will not	29,540
be reclassified to profit or loss (19,938) - ( Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss	( 9,087)
Exchange differences on translation 737,266 2 (  8399 Income tax related to components of 6(26) other comprehensive income that will	( 545,741) (
be reclassified to profit or loss (	326
8300 Other comprehensive income (loss) for	( ft
	( <u>\$</u> 479,526) (
8500 Total comprehensive income for the year Profit (loss) attributable to:	\$ 115,374
8610 Owners of the parent \$ 1,532,756 3	\$ 681,165
8620 Non-controlling interests (	( 86,265)
\$ 1,461,109	\$ 594,900
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:	
8710 Owners of the parent \$ 2,287,917 5	\$ 231,377
8720 Non-controlling interests ( 35,395) - (	( 116,003)
\$ 2,252,522 5	\$ 115,374
Earnings per share (in dollars) 6(27)	
9750 Basic \$ 0.97	\$ 0.4
9850 Diluted <u>\$ 0.97</u>	\$ 0.4

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent									
					Retained Earning	gs	Other Eq	uity Interest			
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gain (loss) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
For the year ended December 31, 2023											
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 15,791,453	\$ 232,045	\$ 2,062,280	\$ 1,829,875	\$ 2,549,470	(\$1,122,666)	(\$ 289,676)	\$ 21,052,781	\$1,100,671	\$ 22,153,452
Profit (loss) for the year			-	<del> </del>		681,165	-	· ·	681,165	( 86,265)	594,900
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(6)	-	-	-	_	36,349	( 515,677)	29,540	( 449,788)	( 29,738)	( 479,526)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year						717,514	( 515,677)	29,540	231,377	( 116,003)	115,374
Distribution of 2022 net income:							· ·			· ·	
Legal reserve	6(18)	-	-	245,122	_	( 245,122)	-	_	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve	6(18)	-	-	-	( 417,533)	417,533	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(18)	-	-	-	-	( 2,337,135)	-	-	( 2,337,135)	-	( 2,337,135)
Non-payment of expired cash dividends from previous years transferred to capital reserve	6(17)	-	580	-	-	-	-	-	580	-	580
Payment of unpaid cash dividends from previous years transferred to capital reserve	6(17)	-	( 39	) -	-	-	-	-	( 39)	-	( 39)
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 15,791,453	\$ 232,586	\$ 2,307,402	\$ 1,412,342	\$ 1,102,260	(\$1,638,343)	(\$ 260,136)	\$ 18,947,564	\$ 984,668	\$ 19,932,232
For the year ended December 31, 2024											
Balance at January 1, 2024		\$ 15,791,453	\$ 232,586	\$ 2,307,402	\$ 1,412,342	\$ 1,102,260	(\$1,638,343)	(\$ 260,136)	\$ 18,947,564	\$ 984,668	\$ 19,932,232
Profit (loss) for the year			-	-		1,532,756	-		1,532,756	( 71,647)	1,461,109
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(6)				<u> </u>	79,751	700,812	(25,402)	755,161	36,252	791,413
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year					<u> </u>	1,612,507	700,812	( 25,402)	2,287,917	( 35,395)	2,252,522
Distribution of 2023 net income:											
Legal reserve	6(18)	-	-	71,752	-	( 71,752)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	6(18)	-	-	-	486,137	( 486,137)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(18)	-	-	-	-	( 473,743)	-	-	( 473,743)	-	( 473,743)
Non-payment of expired cash dividends from previous years transferred to capital reserve	6(17)	-	534	-	-	-	-	-	534	-	534
Payment of unpaid cash dividends from previous years transferred to capital reserve	6(17)	<u>-</u>	(52	)	<u>-</u>	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(52_)	<u>-</u>	(52_)
Balance at December 31, 2024		\$ 15,791,453	\$ 233,068	\$ 2,379,154	\$ 1,898,479	\$ 1,683,135	(\$ 937,531)	(\$ 285,538)	\$ 20,762,220	\$ 949,273	\$ 21,711,493

# TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2024		2023
CASH ELOWS EDOM ODED ATING A CTIVITIES					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax		\$	2,227,772	\$	1,024,592
Adjustments		Ф	2,221,112	Ф	1,024,392
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Gain on financial assets at fair value through	6(2)(22)				
profit or loss	0(2)(22)	(	757)		
Expected credit losses (gains)	12	(	9,973	(	2,372)
Reversal of allowance for inventory market	6(5)		9,913	(	2,372)
price decline	0(3)	(	104,190)	(	1,792)
Depreciation	6(7)(8)(10)	(	2,832,842	(	2,760,466
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and	6(22)		2,032,042		2,700,400
equipment	0(22)		6,944	(	611)
Gain from lease modifications	6(8)(22)	(	7,247)		8)
Amortization	6(11)(24)	(	806	(	3,990
Interest income	6(20)	(	57,602)	(	61,155)
Dividend income		(			
	6(6)(21)	(	4,388)	(	3,653)
Interest expense	6(23)		204,594		185,034
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets		,	207 271 \		210 245
Notes receivable		(	327,271)		219,345
Accounts receivable		(	1,236,188)		145,847
Accounts receivable - related parties		(	460,596)		179,885
Other receivables		(	37,175)		29,529
Inventories		(	106,376)	,	563,051
Prepayments		(	251,772)		252,767)
Net defined benefit assets - non-current		(	19,850)	(	13,937)
Changes in operating liabilities			<b>50 500</b> .		20.004
Contract liabilities - current		(	52,702)		38,804
Notes payable			285		_
Accounts payable			731,699	(	48,680)
Accounts payable - related parties			108,025	(	49,086)
Other payables			452,221	(	329,551)
Other payables - related parties			33,410	(	30,065)
Refund liabilities - current		(	2,662)		3,378
Long-term deferred revenue		(	3,823)	(	4,960)
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current			=_	(	15,462)
Cash inflow generated from operations			3,935,972		4,339,822
Interest received			52,803		61,155
Dividends received			4,388		3,653
Interest paid		(	204,689)	(	181,776)
Income tax paid		Ì	656,200)	į (	893,440)
Net cash flows from operating activities		`	3,132,274	`	3,329,414
1 6			- , , <del></del>		- , ,

(Continued)

## TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in other financial assets - current		(\$	313)	(\$	89)
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and	6(28)	•	·	•	·
equipment		(	563,068)	(	522,666)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and					
equipment			10,751		7,627
Cash paid for acquisition of investment property	6(10)		-	(	908)
Cash paid for prepayments for business facilities	6(28)	(	769,070)	(	528,172)
Interest paid for prepayments for business facilities	6(7)(23)(28)	(	1,383)	(	472)
Increase in guarantee deposits paid		(	1,265)	(	2,090)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			6,629	(	1,085)
Net cash flows used in investing					_
activities		(	1,317,719)	(	1,047,855)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				1	<u> </u>
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	6(29)	(	232,654)		300,027
Decrease in other financial liabilities - current	6(29)	(	729)	(	4,649)
Payments of lease liabilities	6(29)	(	244,303)	(	247,513)
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(29)		750,000		1,900,000
Decrease in long-term borrowings	6(29)	(	1,150,000)	(	1,550,000)
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(29)	(	136)	(	7,677)
Cash dividends paid	6(18)(29)	(	473,743)	(	2,337,135)
Non-payment of expired cash dividends from	6(17)				
previous years transferred to capital reserve			534		580
Payment of unpaid cash dividends from previous	6(17)				
years transferred to capital reserve		(	52)	(	39)
Net cash flows used in financing					
activities		(	1,351,083)	(	1,946,406)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and		·			
cash equivalents			272,088	(	195,307)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			735,560		139,846
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		3,308,211		3,168,365
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	4,043,771	\$	3,308,211

# TON YI INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

- (1) Ton Yi Industrial Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on April 14, 1969. The Company is primarily engaged in the manufacture, processing and sales of various cans of steel and tin plate. For more information regarding the scope of business the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are engaged in, refer to Note 4(3), 'Basis of consolidation'.
- (2) The common shares of the Company have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since January 1991.
- (3) Uni-President Enterprises Corp. holds 45.55% equity interest in the Company and is the ultimate parent company.

### 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 4, 2025.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or	January 1, 2024
non-current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

### (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2025 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments Effective date by IASB

Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability' January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### (3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Amendments to the classification	January 1, 2026
and measurement of financial instruments'	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Contracts referencing	January 1, 2026
natural-dependent electricity'	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	IASB
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19, 'Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures'	January 1, 2027
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11	January 1, 2026

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment:

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management-defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - a. Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - b. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - c. Defined benefit assets and liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5 'Critical accounting judgements, estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty'.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - a. All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - b. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - c. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
  - d. Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

e. When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Percentage owned	by the Group (%)	
Name of investors	Name of subsidiaries	Business activities	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Note
Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	General investment	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	Tovecan Corp.	Manufacturing and sale of cans	51.00	51.00	_
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	General investment	100.00	100.00	_
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	General investment	100.00	100.00	-
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Jiangsu Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	General investment	100.00	100.00	_
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM, and sale of cans	100.00	100.00	_
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Sale of cans	100.00	100.00	-
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Sale of cans	100.00	100.00	_
Cayman Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Ton Yi (China) Holdings Ltd.	General investment	100.00	100.00	-
Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of tinplate	86.80	86.80	_
Cayman Jiangsu Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Sale of tinplate	82. 86	82.86	_
Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of new bottle can	66. 50	66.50	_
Cayman Ton Yi (China) Holdings Ltd.	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	General investment	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_

			Percentage owned	l by the Group (%)	
Name of investors	Name of subsidiaries	Business activities	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Note
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Tianjin Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	100.00	100.00	_

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- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- a. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- b. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- c. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are

re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

d. All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income within "Other gains and losses".

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

- a. The financial performance and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- b. When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - a. Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - b. Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - c. Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - d. Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - a. Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
  - b. Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - c. Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - d. It does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

#### (6) Cash equivalents

- A. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- B. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognizes the gain or loss in profit or loss.

#### (8) Notes and accounts receivable

- A. Notes and accounts receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (9) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. When the cost of inventory is higher than net realizable value, a write down is provided and recognized in operating costs. If the circumstances that caused the write-down cease to exist, such that all or part of the write down is no longer needed, it should be reversed to that extent and recognized as deduction of operating costs.

#### (10) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognize changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
  - a. The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

- b. The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:

The changes in fair value of equity instruments that were recognized in other comprehensive income. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the instrument. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for receivables or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (12) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred, and the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

#### (13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

- C. Property, plant and equipment apply the cost model. Except for land, other property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. If each component of property, plant and equipment is significant, it is depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the consumption patterns of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Asset	_	Useful Lives		
Buildings		5 ~	55 years	
Machinery		2 ~	30 years	
Transportation equipment		3 <b>∼</b>	20 years	
Office equipment		2 ~	10 years	
Other equipment		2 ~	40 years	

#### (14) Leasing arrangements (lessor)—operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (15) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate or the interest rate implicit in the lease. Lease payments are comprised of the following:
  - a. Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
  - b. Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - a. The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
  - b. Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and

c. Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

#### (16) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 20 years.

#### (17) Intangible assets

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

#### (18) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

#### (19) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (20) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (21) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### (22) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported at net amount on the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (23) Non-hedging derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (24) Provisions

Provisions (decommissioning liabilities) are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

#### (25) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### a. Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### b. Defined benefit plans

(a) Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior period. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected

unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.

(b) Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

#### C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

#### (26) Income tax

- A. The tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which case the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

D. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.

#### (27) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### (28) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares and share premium on the effective date of new shares issuance.

#### (29) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

- A. The Group manufactures and sells tinplate products and PET package products. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customers have full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers, and either the customers have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated sales discounts and volume discounts. The products are often sold with volume discounts based on estimated sales of each year. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the sales discounts and volume discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. A refund liability is recognized for expected sales discounts and volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period.

#### (30) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

#### (31) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

### 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION</u> UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

#### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

- A. As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Because of the change in market demand and the sales strategy, the Group evaluates the amounts of price fluctuations of inventories, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on the balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.
- B. As of December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of inventories was \$4,352,121.

#### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Cash:				
Cash on hand	\$	198	\$	326
Checking deposits and demand deposits		1, 530, 752		2, 373, 920
		1, 530, 950		2, 374, 246
Cash equivalents:				
Time deposits		2, 512, 821		933, 965
	\$	4, 043, 771	\$	3, 308, 211

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to diversify credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The Group did not pledge cash and cash equivalents as collateral as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

#### (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current

Items	December 3	31, 2024
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value		
through profit or loss		
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$	757

There was no such situation as of December 31, 2023.

- A. The Group recognized net profit on financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (listed under "Other gains and losses") amounting to \$757 for the year ended December 31, 2024.
- B. The Group entered into contracts relating to derivative financial assets which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is listed below:

		December 31, 2024			
	Contra	Contract Amount			
	(in th	nousands)	Contract Period	_	
Items					
Forward foreign exchange selling contract	JPY	70,000	2024. 9~2025. 1		

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. However, the Group did not apply hedge accounting treatment but apply held for trading accounting treatment for the forward foreign exchange contracts.

#### (3) Notes and accounts receivable, net

	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023
Notes receivable	\$	1, 152, 591	\$	825, 320
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(	1, 933)	(	1,833)
	\$	1, 150, 658	\$	823, 487
	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023
Accounts receivable	\$	2, 879, 011	\$	1, 642, 823
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(	25, 24 <u>6</u> )	(	15, 067)
	\$	2, 853, 765	\$	1, 627, 756

A. The aging analysis of notes receivable and accounts receivable (including related parties) is as follows:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023					
	No	tes Receivable	Acc	ounts Receivable	Note	es Receivable	Acco	ounts Receivable
1 to 30 days	\$	389, 054	\$	4, 086, 415	\$	301,659	\$	2, 709, 038
31 to 60 days		242,000		732, 014		163, 610		396, 748
61 to 90 days		157, 765		146, 806		98, 360		192, 348
91 to 180 days		363, 772		91, 644		261, 691		63,907
Over 181 days		<u> </u>		5, 254		<u> </u>		3, 308
	\$	1, 152, 591	\$	5, 062, 133	\$	825, 320	<u>\$</u>	3, 365, 349

The above aging analysis was based on credit date.

- B. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, notes receivable and accounts receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2023, the balance of receivables (including related parties) from contracts with customers amounted to \$4,750,448.
- C. For more information regarding the Group's notes receivable pledged to others as collateral as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, refer to Note 8, "PLEDGED ASSETS".
- D. The Group did not pledge accounts receivable as collateral as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.
- E. Without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the notes receivable and accounts receivable held by the Group was the carrying amount.
- F. Information relating to credit risk of notes receivable and accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2), "Financial instruments".

#### (4) Transfer of financial assets

A. Transferred financial assets that are derecognized in their entirety

The Group entered into a factoring agreement with China Construction Bank to sell its notes receivable. Under the agreement, the Group is not obligated to bear the default risk of the transferred notes receivable, but is liable for the losses incurred on any business dispute. The Group does not have any continuing involvement in the transferred notes receivable. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group derecognized the transferred notes receivable, and the related information is as follows:

#### December 31, 2024

Purchase of	Notes			Interest rate of			
notes	receivable	Amount	Amount	amount			
receivable	transferred	derecognized	advanced	advanced			
China Construction Bank	<u>\$ 103, 889</u>	<u>\$ 103,889</u>	\$ 103,889	(Note)			
December 31, 2023							
Purchase of	Notes			Interest rate of			
notes	receivable	Amount	Amount	amount			
receivable	transferred	transferred derecognized		advanced			
China Construction Bank	\$ 88, 482	\$ 88, 482	\$ 88, 482	(Note)			

(Note) The financial expense when transferring the derecognized notes receivable was not borne by the Group.

- B. Transferred financial assets that are not derecognized in their entirety
  - (a) The Group entered into a factoring agreement with Bank of China Limited to sell its notes receivable. Under the agreement, the Group is obligated to provide guarantees for the default risk of the transferred notes receivable. Therefore, the Group did not derecognize these notes receivable in their entirety. Related advance payments are listed under "short-term borrowings".
  - (b) As of December 31, 2024, the information on transferred notes receivable continued to be recognized by the Group is as follows:

	Decer	mber 31, 2024
Carrying amount / fair value of transferred notes receivable	\$	118, 025
Carrying amount / fair value of advanced payments	\$	118, 025
TT1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 21 2022		

There was no such situation as of December 31, 2023.

C. The Group has recognized financial expense (listed under "Finance costs") of \$1,762 and \$570 when transferring the notes receivable for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### (5) <u>Inventories</u>

	December 31, 2024						
			Allow	vance for price			
		Cost	declin	decline of inventories		Carrying amount	
Raw materials	\$	1, 358, 783	(\$	13, 038)	\$	1, 345, 745	
Raw materials in transit		67,452	(	404)		67, 048	
Supplies		590, 694	(	6, 448)		584, 246	
Supplies in transit		2, 028		_		2, 028	
Work in process		1, 033, 277	(	23, 690)		1,009,587	
Finished goods		1, 394, 768	(	51, 301)		1, 343, 467	
	\$	4, 447, 002	( <u>\$</u>	94, 881)	\$	4, 352, 121	
	December 31, 2023						
			Allow	vance for price			
		Cost	declin	e of inventories	_(	Carrying amount	
Raw materials	\$	1, 532, 969	(\$	64, 151)	\$	1, 468, 818	
Raw materials in transit		8, 572	(	691)		7, 881	
Supplies		595, 989	(	9, 312)		586, 677	
Work in process		693, 612	(	24, 697)		668, 915	
Finished goods		1, 509, 484	(	98, 080)		1, 411, 404	
	\$	4 340 626	(\$	196 931)	\$	4 143 695	

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the year:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023		
Cost of goods sold	\$	39, 796, 548	\$	32, 192, 276		
Reversal of allowance for						
inventory market price decline (Note)	(	104, 190)	(	1,792)		
Loss on disposal of inventory		37, 631		2, 426		
Revenue from sale of scraps	(	311, 976)	(	270,940)		
Indemnities	(	33, 618)	(	21, 889)		
	\$	39, 384, 395	\$	31, 900, 081		

(Note) For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group reversed a previous inventory write-down as a result of the subsequent sales of inventories which were previously provided with allowance.

#### (6) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current

Items		nber 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
Equity instruments				
Listed stocks	\$	378, 917	\$	378, 917
Valuation adjustment	(	285, 538)	(	260, 136)
	\$	93, 379	\$	118, 781

- A. The Group has elected to classify listed stocks that are considered to be strategic investment as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments was approximately its carrying amount as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.
- B. Amounts recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

		For the years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023		
Equity instruments at fair value through other						
comprehensive income						
Fair value change recognized in other						
comprehensive (loss) income	( <u>\$</u>	25,402)	\$	29, 540		
Dividend income recognized in profit						
(listed under "Other income")	\$	4, 388	\$	3, 653		

- C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2), "Financial instruments".

# (7) Property, plant and equipment

					Machin	nery		Tra	ansportation		Office equip	mei	nt		Other equip	mer	nt		allation and		
	Land		Buildings	O	wner-occupied		Lease	- 6	equipment	Ov	vner-occupied	I	Lease	Ov	vner-occupied	_]	Lease	ir	progress	_	Total
January 1, 2024	·				_										_						_
Cost	\$ 615, 892	\$	10, 950, 299	\$	48, 369, 685	\$	898, 255	\$	279, 510	\$	214, 286	\$	2, 021	\$	6, 188, 146	\$	2, 797	\$	60, 678	\$	67, 581, 569
Accumulated depreciation	_	(	6, 154, 628)	(	37, 795, 912)	(	808, 622)	(	250, 778)	(	196,937)	(	1,836)	(	5, 270, 883)	(	2, 797)		_	(	50, 482, 393)
Accumulated impairment		_	<u> </u>	(_	43, 247)	(	17, 298)				<u> </u>	_			<u> </u>	_				(_	60, 545)
	\$ 615, 892	\$	4, 795, 671	\$	10, 530, 526	\$	72, 335	\$	28, 732	\$	17, 349	\$	185	\$	917, 263	\$		\$	60, 678	\$	17, 038, 631
For the year ended December 31, 2024	_																				
At January 1	\$ 615, 892	\$	4, 795, 671	\$	10, 530, 526	\$	72, 335	\$	28, 732	\$	17, 349	\$	185	\$	917, 263	\$	_	\$	60, 678	\$	17, 038, 631
Additions - Cost	-		13, 397		32, 345				92		1, 478		-		103, 282		-		396, 043		546, 637
Transferred - Cost (Note)	_		5, 739		197, 722		=		3, 006		225		-		113, 074		-		458,532		778, 298
Depreciation	_	(	274, 839)	(	1, 980, 064)	(	17, 012)	(	7, 465)	(	6,958)		-	(	275,622)		-		_	(	2,561,960)
Disposal - Cost	_	(	505)	(	80, 120)		-	(	3, 620)	(	3,572)		-	(	53, 060)		_		_	(	140,877)
Disposal - Accumulated depreciation	-		505		66, 156		-		3, 602		3, 511		-		49, 408		-		-		123, 182
Net currency exchange differences		_	137, 215	_	275,555		2,677		759		611	_	8		18, 380	_			1,845	_	437, 050
At December 31	\$ 615, 892	\$	4, 677, 183	\$	9, 042, 120	\$	58, 000	\$	25, 106	\$	12, 644	\$	193	\$	872, 725	\$		\$	917, 098	\$	16, 220, 961
December 31, 2024	_																				
Cost	\$ 615, 892	\$	11, 194, 797	\$	49, 313, 124	\$	932, 914	\$	281, 115	\$	220, 492	\$	2, 099	\$	6, 472, 039	\$	2, 905	\$	917, 098	\$	69, 952, 475
Accumulated depreciation	_	(	6, 517, 614)	(	40, 226, 089)	(	856, 948)	(	256, 009)	(	207, 848)	(	1,906)	(	5, 599, 314)	(	2, 905)		=	(	53, 668, 633)
Accumulated impairment		_	<u> </u>	(_	44, 915)	(	17, 966)		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_			<u> </u>	_				(_	62, 881)
	\$615,892	\$	4, 677, 183	\$	9, 042, 120	\$	58, 000	\$	25, 106	\$	12, 644	\$	193	\$	872, 725	\$	_	\$	917, 098	\$	16, 220, 961

Equipment under

(Note) Including transfers from prepayments for business facilities.

			Machine	rv	Transportation	Office equip	ment	Other equip		Equipment under installation and construction	
	Land	Buildings	Owner-occupied	Lease	equipment	Owner-occupied		Owner-occupied	Lease	in progress	Total
January 1, 2023	Land	Dunuings	Owner occupied	Lease	equipment	Owner occupied	Lease	Owner occupied	Lease	in progress	Total
Cost	\$ 615, 892	\$ 10, 704, 256	\$ 48, 015, 194	\$ 1, 113, 221	\$ 271, 411	\$ 217, 956	\$ 2,080	\$ 6, 229, 218	\$ 7,664	\$ 376,832	\$ 67,553,724
Accumulated depreciation	φ 01J, 09Z -	5, 956, 588)	( 36, 129, 482) (	972, 392) (	244, 247)	Ψ =1.,000	( 1, 871) (	. , ,	(3, 241)	φ 310, 632	(48, 630, 429)
Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	_	( 5, 950, 566)	( 44, 516) (	17, 807)	244, 241)	191,010)	( 1,011) (	5, 125, 555 <i>)</i>	( 3, 241)	_	( 62, 323)
Accumulated impairment	ф.615.000	ф. 4.747.000			ф 07.104	ф 00 000	ф 000	ф. 1 100 000	ф. 4. 400	ф 976 000	
	<u>\$ 615, 892</u>	<u>\$ 4,747,668</u>	<u>\$ 11, 841, 196</u>	<u>\$ 123, 022</u>	<u>\$ 27, 164</u>	<u>\$ 20,883</u>	<u>\$ 209</u>	<u>\$ 1, 103, 683</u>	<u>\$ 4, 423</u>	<u>\$ 376, 832</u>	<u>\$ 18, 860, 972</u>
For the year ended December 31, 2023											
At January 1	\$ 615, 892	\$ 4,747,668	\$ 11,841,196	\$ 123, 022	\$ 27, 164	\$ 20,883	\$ 209	\$ 1, 103, 683	\$ 4, 423	\$ 376, 832	\$ 18,860,972
Additions - Cost	-	19, 905	98, 460	-	3, 004	3, 651	-	64, 538	3, 875	378, 303	571, 736
Transferred - Cost (Note)	-	390, 091	867, 469 (	183, 210)	8, 876	689	-	48, 015	( 8, 524)	(684, 026)	439, 380
Transferred - Accumulated depreciation	-	-	( 154, 461)	155,676 (	2, 351)	( 14)	- (	464)	1,614	-	-
Depreciation	-	( 266, 225)	( 1,913,363) (	19, 985) (	7, 306)	( 7, 292)	( 18) (	279, 024)	(1,284)	_	(2,494,497)
Disposal - Cost	-	( 3, 341)	( 28, 841)	- (	2, 223)	( 1,936)	- (	64, 231)	_	_	( 100, 572)
Disposal - Accumulated depreciation	-	3, 204	27, 729	_	2,007	1,826	-	58, 790	-	_	93, 556
Net currency exchange differences	<u>=</u>	(95,631)	(207,663) (	3, 168) (	439)	(458)	( <u>6</u> ) (	14, 044)	(104)	(10, 431)	(331, 944)
At December 31	\$ 615, 892	\$ 4,795,671	\$ 10,530,526	\$ 72, 335	\$ 28,732	\$ 17, 349	\$ 185	\$ 917, 263	\$ -	\$ 60,678	\$ 17,038,631
D											
December 31, 2023											
Cost	\$ 615, 892	\$ 10, 950, 299	\$ 48, 369, 685	,	\$ 279, 510	\$ 214, 286	+ -,	\$ 6, 188, 146	+ -,	\$ 60,678	\$ 67, 581, 569
Accumulated depreciation	_	(6, 154, 628)	( 37, 795, 912) (	808, 622) (	250, 778)	(196, 937)	(1,836)(	5,270,883)	(2,797)	_	(50, 482, 393)
Accumulated impairment			(43, 247) (	17, 298)							$(\underline{}60,545)$
	\$ 615, 892	<u>\$ 4, 795, 671</u>	<u>\$ 10, 530, 526</u>	\$ 72, 335	\$ 28,732	<u>\$ 17, 349</u>	<u>\$ 185</u>	<u>\$ 917, 263</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 60,678	<u>\$ 17, 038, 631</u>

(Note) Including transfers from prepayments for business facilities.

A. Amount of borrowing costs capitalized as part of prepayment for business facilities and the range of the interest rates for such capitalization are as follows:

		For the years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023			
Amount capitalized	<u>\$</u>	1, 383	\$	472			
Range of interest rates	1.88	3% <b>~</b> 2. 09%	<u>1.</u>	75%~1.99%			

B. The Group did not pledge property, plant and equipment as collateral as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

### (8) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings and forklifts. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 50 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.
- B. Low-value assets are comprised of multifunction printers.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation are as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023				
	Car	rying amount	Car	rying amount			
Land	\$	781, 369	\$	789, 181			
Buildings		729, 903		946, 748			
Transportation equipment		645		_			
	\$	1, 511, 917	\$	1, 735, 929			
	For the years ended December 31,						
		2024		2023			
	D	epreciation	<u>_</u>	Depreciation			
Land	\$	31,088	\$	30, 439			
Buildings		233, 040		228, 970			
Transportation equipment		85					
	\$	264, 213	\$	259, 409			

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the additions and remeasurement to right-of-use assets were \$51,204 and \$22,083, respectively.
- E. The information on profit or loss relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2024	2023			
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	45, 837	\$	54, 817		
Expense on leases of low-value assets		235		208		
Gain from lease modification	(	7, 247)	(	8)		

F. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$290,375 and \$302,538, respectively.

### (9) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessor</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and machineries (listed under "Property, plant and equipment" and "Investment property, net"). Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 19 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group recognized rent income (listed under "Other income") in the amounts of \$40,305 and \$39,365, respectively, based on the operating lease agreement, which does not include variable lease payments.
- C. The maturity date analysis of the unrealized lease payments of the Group under operating leases is as follows:

	Decem	December 31, 2024		
Within 1 year	\$	45,477	\$	35, 911
1 to 2 years		40,522		31, 386
2 to 3 years		27, 914		26, 966
3 to 4 years		18,476		17, 379
4 to 5 years		3, 434		17, 379
Over 5 years		5, 967		2, 896
	\$	141, 790	\$	131, 917

### (10) Investment property, net

		Land	E	Buildings	-	Total
<u>January 1, 2024</u>						
Cost	\$	1,532	\$	143, 638	\$	145, 170
Accumulated depreciation		- (		61,457)	(	61,457)
Accumulated impairment	(	1, 100)			()	1, 100)
	\$	432	\$	82, 181	\$	82, 613
For the year ended December 31, 2024				_		_
At January 1	\$	432	\$	82, 181	\$	82, 613
Depreciation		- (		6,669)	(	6,669)
Net currency exchange differences		<u> </u>		3, 127		3, 127
At December 31	\$	432	\$	78, 639	\$	79, 071
December 31, 2024						
Cost	\$	1,532	\$	149, 180	\$	150, 712
Accumulated depreciation		- (		70,541)	(	70, 541)
Accumulated impairment	(	1, 100)			(	1, 100)
	\$	432	\$	78, 639	\$	79, 071

		Land	Buildings			Total
<u>January 1, 2023</u>						
Cost	\$	1,532	\$	146, 921	\$	148, 453
Accumulated depreciation		-	(	56, 624) (		56,624)
Accumulated impairment	(	1, 100)		_ (	<u> </u>	1, 100)
	\$	432	\$	90, 297	\$	90, 729
For the year ended December 31, 2023						
At January 1	\$	432	\$	90,297	\$	90, 729
Additions - cost		_		908		908
Depreciation		_	(	6, 560) (		6,560)
Net currency exchange differences			(	2, 464) (		2, 464)
At December 31	\$	432	\$	82, 181	<u>\$</u>	82, 613
<u>December 31, 2023</u>						
Cost	\$	1,532	\$	143, 638	\$	145, 170
Accumulated depreciation		_	(	61, 457) (		61,457)
Accumulated impairment	(	1, 100)		_ (		1, 100)
	\$	432	\$	82, 181	\$	82, 613

A. Rental income from the lease of the investment property and direct operating expenses arising from the investment property are shown below:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023		
Rental income from the lease of the investment property	<u>\$</u>	17, 930	\$	17, 680		
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental						
income during the year	\$	10, 104	\$	9, 949		

- B. The fair values of the investment property held by the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$74,600 and \$86,853, respectively, which were categorized within Level 2 and Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Land is valued according to Current Land Value announced by the Department of Land Administration. Buildings are valued based on discounted recoverable amounts of future rent income.
- C. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, no investment property held by the Group was pledged to others as collateral.

### (11) Intangible assets

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2024	2023			
Computer Software		_		_		
<u>January 1, 2024</u>						
Cost	\$	24, 337	\$	75, 269		
Accumulated amortization	(	20, 603)	(	67, 388)		
	\$	3, 734	\$	7, 881		
At January 1	\$	3, 734	\$	7, 881		
Amortization	(	806)	(	3,990)		
Disposal - Cost	(	15, 824)	(	48, 785)		
Disposal - Accumulated amortization		15, 824		48, 785		
Net currency exchange differences		139	(	157)		
At December 31	\$	3, 067	\$	3, 734		
December 31, 2024						
Cost	\$	9, 452	\$	24,337		
Accumulated amortization	(	6, 385)	(	20, 603)		
	<u>\$</u>	3, 067	\$	3, 734		

- A. No borrowing costs were capitalized as part of intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.
- B. Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2	2023				
Operating costs	\$	200	\$	685		
Selling expenses		36		303		
Administrative expenses		570		3, 002		
	\$	806	\$	3, 990		

C. The Group had no intangible assets pledged as collateral as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

### (12) Short-term borrowings

Nature	December 31, 2024	Range of interest rates	Collateral	
Unsecured bank borrowings	\$ 2, 379, 237	1.60%~5.63%	None	
Secured bank borrowings	118, 025	0.75%~1.30%	Notes receivable	
	<u>\$ 2,497,262</u>			
Nature	December 31, 2023	Range of interest rates	Collateral	
Unsecured bank borrowings	\$ 2,729,916	1.43%~6.66%	None	

A. For more information about interest expenses recognized by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, refer to Note 6(23), "Finance costs".

B. For information on the terms and conditions of all the loan contracts the Group entered into with financial institutions, refer to Note 9, "Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments".

### (13) Long-term borrowings

	Range of	Range of		
Nature	maturity dates	interest rates	Collateral	December 31, 2024
Unsecured bank	2026. 1. 28~	1.81%~2.00%	None	
borrowings	2027. 12. 3			\$ 3,750,000
	Range of	Range of		
Nature	Range of maturity dates	Range ofinterest rates	Collateral	December 31, 2023
Nature Unsecured bank	U	C	Collateral None	December 31, 2023

- A. For more information about interest expenses recognized by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, refer to Note 6(23), "Finance costs".
- B. For information on the terms and conditions of all the loan contracts the Group entered into with financial institutions, refer to Note 9, "Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments".

### (14) Provisions - non-current

	For the years ended December 31,							
Decommissioning liabilities		2023						
At January 1	\$	85, 858	\$	84, 277				
Unwinding of discount		1,610		1, 581				
At December 31	\$	87, 468	\$	85, 858				

According to the policy published, applicable agreement or the law and regulation, the Group has obligations to restore certain property, plant and equipment located in Yong-Kang District, Tainan City in the future. A provision is recognized for the present value of costs to be incurred for dismantling, removing the asset and restoring the site. It is expected that the provision will be settled within 50 years from the beginning of contract.

#### (15) Pensions

A. The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The

Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 3% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. The rate was 10% and was reduced to 6% and 3% since May 2023 and April 2024 as approved by the Bureau of Labor Affairs, Tainan City Government on May 19, 2023 and April 18, 2024, respectively. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.

a. The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	1, 344, 705)	(\$	1, 356, 722)
Fair value of plan assets		1, 523, 617		1, 416, 095
Net defined benefit assets - non-current	<u>\$</u>	178, 912	\$	59, 373

b. Movements in net defined benefit assets (liabilities) - non-current are as follows:

	Pre	esent value of				
	de	fined benefit	Fair value of	Net defined		
	(	obligations	plan assets	be	nefit assets	
For the year ended December 31, 2024						
At January 1	(\$	1, 356, 722)	\$ 1, 416, 095	\$	59, 373	
Current service cost	(	8, 169)	_	(	8, 169)	
Interest (expense) income	(	21, 70 <u>6</u> )	22, 975		1, 269	
	(	1, 386, 597)	1, 439, 070		52, 473	
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets						
(excluding amounts included in interest	st					
income or expense)		_	121, 189		121, 189	
Change in financial assumptions		14, 748	_		14,748	
Experience adjustments	(	36, 248)		(	36, 248)	
	(	21, 500)	121, 189		99, 689	
Pension fund contribution			19, 883		19, 883	
Paid pension		63, 392	$(\underline{}56, \underline{525})$		6, 867	
At December 31	( <u>\$</u>	1, 344, 705)	<u>\$ 1, 523, 617</u>	\$	178, 912	

				N	let defined
	Pro	esent value of			benefit
	de	efined benefit	Fair value of	(	liabilities)
		obligations	plan assets		assets
For the year ended December 31, 2023					
At January 1	(\$	1, 422, 863)	\$ 1, 407, 401	(\$	15, 462)
Current service cost	(	10,929)	_	(	10, 929)
Interest (expense) income	(	24, 652)	24, 897		245
	(	1, 458, 444)	1, 432, 298	(	26, 146)
Remeasurements:					
Return on plan assets					
(excluding amounts included in intere	st				
income or expense)		_	4,863		4,863
Change in financial assumptions	(	15, 909)	_	(	15, 909)
Experience adjustments		56, 482		_	56, 482
		40, 573	4,863		45, 436
Pension fund contribution			40, 083		40, 083
Paid pension		61, 149	(61, 149)		
At December 31	(\$	1, 356, 722)	\$ 1,416,095	\$	59, 373

c. The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilization of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company has no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company is unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.

d. The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2024 2023					
Discount rate	1.75%	1.63%				
Future salary increase rate	3.00%	3.00%				

Future mortality rate was estimated based on the 6th Taiwan Standard Ordinary Experience Mortality Table for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	Discou	nt rate	Future salary	y increase rate		
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease		
	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%		
<u>December 31, 2024</u>						
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(\$ 28,848)	\$ 29,718	\$ 28,643	( <u>\$ 27, 955</u> )		
December 31, 2023						
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	( <u>\$ 31,568</u> )	<u>\$ 32, 585</u>	\$ 31,416	( <u>\$ 30,604</u> )		

The sensitivity analysis above was arrived at based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analyzing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same. The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

- e. Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2025 amount to \$13,878.
- f. As of December 31, 2024, the weighted average duration of the retirement plan is 10 years. The analysis of timing of the future pension payment was as follows:

Within 1 year	\$	32,455
2 to 5 years		270, 374
6 to 10 years		491, 471
	<u>\$</u>	794, 300

B. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The Group's subsidiaries have defined contribution plans. Monthly

contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group (listed under "Operating cost" and "Operating expense") for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$232,719 and \$217,751, respectively.

### (16) Share capital - Common stock

A. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (in thousands of shares):

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2024	2023				
Balance as of January 1 and December 31	1, 579, 145	1, 579, 145				

B. As of December 31, 2024, the Company's authorized capital was \$17,847,009, and the paid-in capital was \$15,791,453, consisting of 1,579,145 thousand shares of ordinary stock with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

### (17) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital reserve arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to offset accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital reserve should not be used to cover accumulated deficit after the legal reserve is used.

Movement of the Company's capital reserve for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	For the year ended December 31, 2024									
		Share	Tre	asury share						
	r	remium	tr	ansactions	Don	ations		Others		Total
At January 1	\$	58, 271	\$	169, 088	\$	819	\$	4, 408	\$	232, 586
Non-payment of expired cash dividends										
from previous years transferred to capital										
reserve		-		-		-		534		534
Payment of unpaid cash dividends from										
previous years transferred to capital										
reserve				_		_	(	<u>52</u> )	(	<u>52</u> )
At December 31	\$	58, 271	\$	169, 088	\$	819	\$	4,890	\$	233, 068

	For the year ended December 31, 2023									
	r	Share		asury share	Don	ations	,	Others		Total
At Ionuam: 1									ф.	
At January 1	\$	58, 271	\$	169, 088	\$	819	\$	3, 867	\$	232, 045
Non-payment of expired cash dividends										
from previous years transferred to capital										
reserve		-		_		_		580		580
Payment of unpaid cash dividends from										
previous years transferred to capital										
reserve	_						(	<u>39</u> )	(	39)
At December 31	\$	58, 271	\$	169, 088	\$	819	\$	4, 408	\$	232, 586

### (18) Retained earnings

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve and special reserve shall be set aside or reversed in accordance with related regulations. The remaining amount plus the accumulated unappropriated earnings from prior years is the accumulated distributable earnings. Of the amount to be distributed by the Company, shareholders' dividends shall comprise 50% to 100% of the accumulated distributable earnings and cash dividends shall not be lower than 30% of the total dividends distributed. The appropriation of earnings shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders.
- B. The legal reserve shall be exclusively used to offset accumulated deficit, to issue new stocks or distribute cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash dividends to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted provided that the balance of such reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

### C. Special reserve

- a. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve arising from the debit balances in other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balances in other equity items are reversed subsequently, an equal amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- b. The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve of \$826,453 on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi Letter No. 1090150022, dated March 31, 2021, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets, those other than land, are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently. Such amounts are reversed upon disposal or reclassified if the assets are investment property of land, and reversed over the use period if the assets are investment property other than land.

D. The appropriations of 2023 and 2022 earnings were resolved by the shareholders on June 21, 2024 and June 15, 2023, respectively, as follows:

	202	23	2022				
		Dividends		Dividends			
		per share		per share			
	Amount	(in dollars)	Amount	(in dollars)			
Appropriation for legal reserve	<u>\$ 71,752</u>		<u>\$ 245, 122</u>				
Appropriation for (reversal of) special reserve	<u>\$ 486, 137</u>		( <u>\$ 417, 533</u> )				
Distribution of cash dividends	<u>\$ 473, 743</u>	<u>\$ 0.30</u>	<u>\$ 2, 337, 135</u>	<u>\$ 1.48</u>			

E. The appropriations of 2024 earnings were proposed by the Board of Directors on March 4, 2025 as follows:

	202	2024		
		Dividends		
		per share		
	Amount	(in dollars)		
Appropriation for legal reserve	<u>\$ 161, 251</u>			
Reversal of special reserve	$(\underline{\$}  675, 410)$			
Distribution of cash dividends	<u>\$ 1,531,771</u>	<u>\$ 0.97</u>		

### (19) Operating revenue

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2024	2023	
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	44, 859, 298	\$	35, 240, 202

### A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major products and segments:

	For the year ended December 31, 2024			
				Revenue from
<u>Segment</u>	I	Revenue from	pr	oducts of Plastic pack
	proc	lucts of Tinplate		(including filling)
Taiwan	\$	15, 575, 789	\$	45,236
Mainland China - tinplate products		4, 696, 651		_
Mainland China - plastic products		_		20, 892, 507
Others		3, 649, 115		
	\$	23, 921, 555	\$	20, 937, 743

		For the year ended	December 31, 2023			
			F	Revenue from		
Segment	F	Revenue from	produ	cts of Plastic pack		
	prod	lucts of Tinplate	(in	cluding filling)		
Taiwan	\$	10, 086, 095	\$	33, 503		
Mainland China - tinplate products		3, 690, 024		_		
Mainland China - plastic products		_		18, 522, 243		
Others		2, 908, 337		_		
	ф	10 004 450	ф	10 555 740		

### B. The Group has recognized the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	Decem	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		January 1, 2023	
Contract liabilities – current	\$	56, 605	\$	109, 307	\$	70, 503	

Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$103,830 and \$68,683, respectively.

### (20) Interest income

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2024		2023	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	57, 602	\$	61, 155

### (21) Other income

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023		
Rental income	\$	40,305	\$	39, 365		
Dividend income		4, 388		3, 653		
Government grants		18, 899		43, 241		
Other income		29, 897		27, 842		
	<u>\$</u>	93, 489	\$	114, 101		

# (22) Other gains and losses

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2024			2023		
Net profit on financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	\$	757	\$	_		
Net (loss) gain on disposal of property, plant						
and equipment	(	6,944)		611		
Gain from lease modifications		7, 247		8		
Net currency exchange gain		72, 613		1, 268		
Other losses	(	23, 295)	(	19, 271)		
	\$	50, 378	( <u>\$</u>	17, 384)		

# (23) Finance costs

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2024	2023		
Interest expense:					
Bank borrowings	\$	156, 768 \$	128, 538		
Interest expense on lease liabilities		45, 837	54, 817		
Financial expense of transferred notes receivable		1, 762	570		
Provisions - unwinding of discount		1,610	1, 581		
		205, 977	185, 506		
Less: Capitalization of qualifying assets	(	1, 383) (	472)		
	\$	204, 594 \$	185, 034		

### (24) Expenses by nature

Depreciation Amortization

O	perating cost	Oper	ating expense	 Total
\$	2, 255, 889	\$	948, 134	\$ 3, 204, 023
\$	2, 497, 642	\$	328, 531	\$ 2, 826, 173
<u> </u>	200	\$	606	\$ 806

For the year ended December 31, 2024

		For the year ended December 31, 2023				
	<u>O</u>	perating cost	Oper	ating expense		Total
Employee benefit expenses	<u>\$</u>	2, 092, 681	\$	793, 675	\$	2, 886, 356
Depreciation	\$	2, 435, 577	\$	318, 329	\$	2, 753, 906
Amortization	\$	685	\$	3, 305	\$	3, 990

### (25) Employee benefit expenses

Employee benefit expenses

For the year ended D	ecember 31	, 2024
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	Operating cost		Operating expense			Total		
Wages and salaries	\$	1, 722, 929	\$	733, 736	\$	2, 456, 665		
Labor and health insurance expenses		158, 190		50, 632		208, 822		
Pension costs		183, 221		56, 398		239, 619		
Other personnel expenses		191, 549		107, 368		298, 917		
	\$	2, 255, 889	\$	948, 134	\$	3, 204, 023		
	For the year ended December 31, 2023							
	_O <sub>1</sub>	perating cost	Ope	rating expense		Total		
Wages and salaries	\$	1, 583, 946	\$	604,720	\$	2, 188, 666		
Labor and health insurance expenses		147, 610		51, 504		199, 114		
Pension costs		174, 061		54, 374		228, 435		
Other personnel expenses		187, 064		83, 077		270, 141		
	\$	2, 092, 681	\$	793, 675	\$	2, 886, 356		

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 2% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 2% for directors' remuneration.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were recognized based on the profit of current year distributable and the percentage specified in the Articles of Incorporation of the Company. The amounts recognized in salary expense are as follows:

For the years	ended December 31,
---------------	--------------------

	 2024	 2023
Employees' compensation	\$ 89, 704	\$ 38, 102
Directors' remuneration	\$ 38, 221	\$ 3, 193

The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2024 and 2023 resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2023 financial statements and the employees' compensation distributed in the form of cash.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

### (26) Income tax

### A. Income tax expense

a. Components of income tax expense:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2024	2023			
Current income tax:						
Income tax incurred in current year	\$	791, 694 \$	489,628			
Tax on unappropriated earnings		_	9,000			
(Over) under provision of prior year's						
income tax	(	5, 865)	2, 622			
		785, 829	501, 250			
Deferred income tax:						
Origination and reversal of temporary						
differences	(	<u>19, 166</u> ) (	71, 588)			
Income tax expense	<u>\$</u>	766, 663 <u>\$</u>	429, 662			

b. The income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	\$	19, 938	\$	9, 087	
Currency translation differences	-	202	(	326)	
	\$	20, 140	\$	8, 761	

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit:

	]	For the years ended December 31,					
		2024		2023			
Income tax expense at the statutory tax rate	\$	1, 085, 377	\$	660, 727			
Effect from items disallowed by tax regulation	(	379,686)	(	326, 166)			
Tax losses and temporary differences not recognized							
as deferred income tax assets		66,847		83, 509			
Tax on unappropriated earnings		_		9,000			
(Over) under provision of prior year's income tax	(	5, 865		2, 622			
Income tax expense	\$	766, 673	\$	429, 692			

C. Amounts of deferred income tax assets or liabilities recognized as a result of temporary differences and tax losses are as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2024

					nized		cognized in other		
	1	January 1	1	los		COI	nprehensive income	De	cember 31
Deferred income tax assets		ranuar y 1		108	55		meome		cember 31
Temporary differences:									
Unrealized sales returns and	\$	4, 362	(;	1	533)	\$	_	\$	3, 829
allowance	ψ	4, 502	(,	Þ	000)	ψ		ψ	0, 020
Unrealized profit from sales		_		2,	732		_		2, 732
Loss on doubtful debts		1,567		,	325		_		1,892
Loss on inventories from market									
value decline		39, 398	(	21,	411)		_		17, 987
Depreciation		238, 959		51,	841		_		290, 800
Unused compensated absences		7,643			80		_		7, 723
Maintenance fees for machinery		15, 049		17,	307		_		32, 356
Unrealized provision		17, 172			322		_		17, 494
Unrealized lease liabilities		251,822		(52,	890)		_		198, 932
Unrealized losses		15, 838	(		118)		_		15, 720
Remeasurement of defined benefit									
obligation		23, 486			_	(	19, 938)		3, 548
Currency translation differences		1, 762			_	(	202)		1,560
Others		4,648	(		966)		_		3, 682
Tax losses		549, 149	_	47,	717		<u> </u>		596, 866
	<u>\$1</u>	<u>, 170, 855</u>	9	\$ 44,	406	( <u>\$</u>	20, 140)	<u>\$1</u>	<u>, 195, 121</u>
Deferred income tax liabilities									
Temporary differences:									
Cost of land restoration	(\$	2, 267	) ;	\$	103	\$	_	(\$	2, 164)
Right-of-use assets	(	233, 029	)	51,	488		_	(	181, 541)
Unrealized loss from sales	(	1, 982	)	1,	982		_		_
Pensions	(	35, 360	) (	3,	970)		_	(	39, 330)
Foreign investment income	(	21, 885	) (	51,	581)		_	(	73, 466)
Depreciation	(	450, 079	) (	20,	580)		_	(	470, 659)
Land value incremental tax	(	197, 039	)		_		_	(	197, 039)
Unrealized gain		_	(	2,	530)		_	(	2, 530)
Unrealized gain			,		150			_	150)
on financial instruments	<u></u>	041 041	<u> </u>	b 05	152)	ф.		(	152)
	( <u>\$</u>	941, 641	-		240)	\$		( <u>\$</u>	966, 881)
	<u>\$</u>	229, 214	-	§ 19 <u>,</u>	166	( <u>\$</u>	20, 140)	\$	228, 240

	For the year ended December 31, 2023						
	January 1	Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	December 31			
Deferred income tax assets							
Temporary differences:							
Unrealized sales returns and allowance	\$ 3,686	\$ 676	\$ -	\$ 4,362			
Unrealized profit from sales	7, 397	(7,397)	_	_			
Loss on doubtful debts	5, 138	(3,571)	_	1, 567			
Loss on inventories from market							
value decline	44, 433	(5,035)	_	39, 398			
Depreciation	223, 899	15, 060	_	238, 959			
Unused compensated absences	7, 709	( 66)	_	7,643			
Maintenance fees for machinery	14, 488	561	_	15, 049			
Unrealized provision	14, 486	2,686	_	17, 172			
Unrealized lease liabilities	_	251, 822	_	251, 822			
Unrealized losses	15, 581	257	_	15, 838			
Remeasurement of defined benefit							
obligation	32, 573	_	( 9, 087)	23, 486			
Currency translation differences	1, 436	_	326	1, 762			
Others	5, 598	( 950)	_	4, 648			
Tax losses	459, 144	90, 005		549, 149			
	\$835, 568	\$344, 048	(\$ 8, 761)	\$1, 170, 855			
Deferred income tax liabilities							
Temporary differences:							
Cost of land restoration	\$ -	(\$ 2, 267)	\$ -	(\$ 2, 267)			
Right-of-use assets	Ψ _	(233,029)	Ψ _	(233,029)			
Unrealized loss from sales	_	(200,023) $(1,982)$	_	( 1, 982)			
Pensions	( 29, 480)		_	(35, 360)			
Foreign investment income	(6,073)		_	( 21, 885)			
Depreciation	(434,093)		_	(450, 079)			
Land value incremental tax	(197,039)		_	( 197, 039)			
Unrealized gain	(2,466)		_	-			
Smounzed guin	(\$669, 151)		\$ -	(\$ 941, 641)			
	\$166, 417	\$ 71, 558	(\$ 8,761)	\$ 229, 214			

D. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognized deferred income tax assets are as follows:

December 31, 2024								
	Amount filed/		Unrecognized deferred					
Year incurred	assessed	Unused amount	income tax assets	Expiry year				
$2020 \sim 2024$	\$2, 556, 178	<u>\$ 2, 556, 178</u>	<u>\$ 168, 714</u>	$2025 \sim 2029$				
December 31, 2023								
	Amount filed/		Unrecognized deferred					
Year incurred	assessed	Unused amount	income tax assets	Expiry year				

- E. The Group did not recognize temporary differences arising from gains on investment in overseas subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities were \$4,857,456 and \$4,067,576, respectively.
- F. The Company's income tax returns through 2022 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority. As of March 4, 2025, there was no administrative lawsuit.

### (27) Earnings per share

	For the year ended December 31, 2024					
			Weighted average			
			number of ordinary	Ear	nings	
			shares outstanding	per	share	
	Am	nount after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in d	ollars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent	\$	1, 532, 756	1, 579, 145	\$	0. 97	
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent	\$	1, 532, 756	1, 579, 145			
Assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares						
Employees' compensation			6, 296			
Profit attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent plus						
assumed conversion of all dilutive	Ф	1 599 756	1 FOF 441	Ф	0.07	
potential ordinary shares	\$	1, 532, 756	1, 585, 441	<u>\$</u>	0.97	

	For the year ended December 31, 2023					
	Amo	unt after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	per	nings share ollars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	<u>\$</u>	681, 165	1, 579, 145	\$	0.43	
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	681, 165	1, 579, 145			
potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation		<u> </u>	3, 692			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares	<u>\$</u>	681, 165	1, 582, 837	\$	0.43	

### (28) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash collection and payments:

a. Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	546, 637	\$	571, 736		
Add: Beginning balance of other payables		282, 762		236, 106		
Beginning balance of other payables						
<ul><li>related parties</li></ul>		2, 414		_		
Less: Ending balance of other payables	(	268,745)	(	282,762)		
Ending balance of other payables						
<ul><li>related parties</li></ul>			(	2, 414)		
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$	563, 068	<u>\$</u>	522, 666		

# b. Cash paid for prepayments for business facilities:

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2024		2023
Increase in prepayments for business facilities	\$	809, 643	\$	528, 644
Less: Ending balance of other payable	(	39, 190)		_
Capitalization of interest	(	1, 383)	(	472)
Cash paid for prepayments for business facilities	\$	769, 070	\$	528, 172

# B. Operating and investing activities with no cash flow effect:

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
a. Write-off of allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	14, 702	
b. Prepayment for business facilities reclassified to prepayments	<u>\$</u>		\$	1, 299	
c. Prepayment for business facilities reclassified to property, plant and equipment	\$	778, 298	\$	439, 380	

# (29) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

			Total liabilities
	Short-term	Long-term	from financing
For the year ended December 31, 2024	borrowings	Lease liabilities borrowings	Others activities
At January 1	\$ 2,729,916	\$ 1,340,156 \$ 4,150,000	54, 915 \$ 8, 274, 987
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	(232,654)	( 244, 303) ( 400, 000) (	474, 608) ( 1, 351, 565)
Changes in other non-cash items	_	( 18, 798) –	473, 743 454, 945
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate		37, 968	37, 968
At December 31	\$ 2,497,262	<u>\$ 1,115,023</u> <u>\$ 3,750,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 54,050</u> <u>\$ 7,416,335</u>
			Total liabilities
	Short-term	Long-term	from financing
For the year ended December 31, 2023	borrowings	Lease liabilities borrowings	Others activities
At January 1	\$ 2,429,889	\$ 1,598,319 \$ 3,800,000	67, 241 \$ 7, 895, 449
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	300, 027	( 247, 513) 350, 000 (	2, 349, 461) ( 1, 946, 947)
Changes in other non-cash items	_	22, 075	2, 337, 135 2, 359, 210
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate		(32, 725)	_ (32,725)
At December 31	\$ 2,729,916	\$ 1,340,156 \$ 4,150,000 \$	54, 915 \$ 8, 274, 987

### 7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

### (1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company's parent company and the Group's ultimate parent company is Uni-President Enterprises Corp.. The ultimate controlling party of the Company is 45.55%.

### (2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	Ultimate parent company
Taizhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
President (Kunshan) Trading Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Beijing President Enterprises Drinks Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
TTET Union Corp.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Chengdu President Enterprises Food Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Zhanjiang President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Uni-President Enterprises (TianJin) Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Xuzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Hangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Wuhan President Enterprises Food Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
President Tokyo Corp.	Parent company to entity with joint control or significant influence
Daiwa Can Co., Ltd.	Entity to subsidiary-Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd. with significant influence

### (3) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

### A. Sales

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2024		2023
Sales of goods:				
Ultimate parent company	\$	42, 484	\$	34, 935
Parent company to entities with joint				
control or significant influence				
Guangzhou President Enterprises				
Co., Ltd.		4, 635, 382		3, 909, 197
Others		15, 885, 334		14, 718, 738
	\$	20, 563, 200	\$	18, 662, 870

Sales price from related party is similar to that of a third party. The Group's collection terms for related parties are within  $30\sim45$  days of monthly statements, and within  $10\sim45$  days after receipt of the invoice, and  $40\sim50\%$  in advance, the remaining are within 45 days after receipt of the invoice. The collection terms are similar to those of third parties.

### B. Purchases

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2024		2023	
Purchases of goods:					
Parent company to entities with joint					
control or significant influence	\$	3, 230, 951	\$	2, 532, 954	
Entity to subsidiary with significant influence		2, 982		712	
	\$	3, 233, 933	\$	2, 533, 666	

Purchase price from related party is similar to that of a third party. Payments are made within 25  $\sim$  60 days of monthly statement, and within 5 $\sim$ 45 days after receipt of the invoice. The payment terms are similar to those of third parties.

### C. Receivables from related parties

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Receivables from related parties:				
Ultimate parent company	\$	2, 827	\$	3, 381
Parent company to entities with joint				
control or significant influence				
Guangzhou President Enterprises				
Co., Ltd.		571, 145		437,972
Others		1, 609, 150		1, 281, 173
	\$	2, 183, 122	\$	1, 722, 526

Receivables from related parties arise primarily from sales of goods. These receivables have not been pledged and do not incur interest.

### D. Guarantee deposit paid

	Decem	ber 31, 2024	Decer	nber 31, 2023
Parent company to entities with joint control or significant influence	\$	25, 424	\$	24, 142
E. Payables to related parties				
	Decen	nber 31, 2024	Decer	mber 31, 2023
Payables to related parties:				
Ultimate parent company	\$	18, 465	\$	8, 866
Parent company to entities with joint				
control or significant influence		432,564		303, 170
Entity to subsidiary with significant influence	-	28		<u> </u>
	\$	451, 057	\$	312,036

Payables to related parties arise from purchases of goods and other expenses. These payables do not incur interest.

### F. Lease transactions—lessee

(a) The Group leases buildings from related parties. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 15 years. Rents are prepaid for three months or paid monthly.

### (b) Acquisition of right-of-use assets

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2024	2023		
Parent company to entities with joint					
control or significant influence					
Uni-President Enterprises (TianJin)	\$	38, 360	\$	-	
Co., Ltd.					
President Tokyo Corp.		730		_	
Beijing President Enterprises Drinks					
Co., Ltd.				2, 104	
	\$	39, 090	\$	2, 104	

### (c) Disposal of right-of-use assets

- (1) In December 2024, the Board of Directors resolved to terminate certain plants lease contracts early from Beijing President Enterprises Drinks Co., Ltd. The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities were reduced by \$62,707 and \$69,954, respectively, and the gain from lease modification was \$7,247 (listed under "Other gains and losses").
- (2) There was no such situation for the year ended December 31, 2023.

### (d) Lease liabilities and interest expense

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
	Lease liabilities		Lease liabilities	
Parent company to entities with joint				
control or significant influence				
Uni-President Enterprises (TianJin)				
Co., Ltd.	\$	305, 169	\$	278, 719
Zhanjiang President Enterprises				
Co., Ltd.		204, 168		240, 638
Taizhou President Enterprises				
Co., Ltd.		178, 250		235, 247
Kunshan President Enterprises Food				
Co., Ltd.		105, 314		135, 383
Others		309		126, 727
	\$	793, 210	\$	1, 016, 714

For the years ended December 31,				
2024 Interest expense		2023 Interest expense		
\$	11,747	\$	12, 344	
	9,467		11, 234	
	8, 688		11, 308	
	5,509		6, 896	
	3,603		6, 315	
\$	39, 014	\$	48, 097	
	Inte	2024 Interest expense  \$ 11,747  9,467  8,688  5,509 3,603	2024 Interest expense Interest expense	

#### (4) Key management compensation

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2024		2023		
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	108, 193	\$	49, 162	

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Assets pledged	Decen	nber 31, 2024	Purpose of collateral		
Notes receivable	\$	118, 025	Guarantee for short-term borrowings		

There was no such situation as of December 31, 2023.

### 9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT

### **COMMITMENTS**

- A. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the remaining balances due for capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred were \$1,494,874 and \$468,854, respectively.
- B. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the unused letters of credit amounted to \$492,797 and \$357,688, respectively.
- C. The commitments of the Group to sign loan agreements with banks are as follows:
  - a. The Company has entered into a loan agreement with CTBC Bank in 2024. In accordance with the agreement, the Company has to maintain the following financial ratios and terms: the consolidated debt-to-equity ratio [ (Total liability less cash and cash equivalents) / consolidated tangible shareholders' equity ] of less than 180%, interest coverage ratio of over 200%, and the consolidated tangible shareholders' equity of not less than \$15,000,000 at the annual assessment. Under the terms of the loan agreement, if any of the financial covenants were not met, and the Company has

not improved its financial condition, the bank has the right to cancel or reduce the credit line, shorten the credit period, or principal and interest deemed as due.

- b. The Company has entered into a loan agreement with KGI Bank in 2024. In accordance with the agreement, the Company has to maintain the following financial ratios and terms: the consolidated debt-to-equity ratio [ (Total liability less cash and cash equivalents) / consolidated tangible shareholders' equity ] of less than 180%, interest coverage ratio of over 200%, and the consolidated tangible shareholders' equity of not less than \$15,000,000 at the annual assessment. Under the terms of the loan agreement, if any of the financial covenants were not met, and the Company has not improved its financial condition within four months, the bank has the right to cancel or reduce the credit line.
- c. Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd. (the "Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate"), a subsidiary of the Group, has entered into a loan agreement with Xiamen Bank in 2024. In accordance with the agreement, Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate has to maintain the following financial ratios and terms: the net debt-to-equity ratio 【(Total interest-bearing liability less loans to associates) / shareholders' equity 】 of less than 60% and review of the cumulative net profit for the most recent four quarters' financial statements, if the cumulative net loss is less than RMB 50 million, the credit line will be RMB 100 million; if the cumulative net loss is more than RMB 50 million but less than RMB 100 million, the credit line will be RMB 80 million; if the cumulative net loss is more than RMB 100 million, the credit line will be RMB 50 million. Under the terms of the loan agreement, if any of the financial covenants were not met, Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate has to pay off the loan within the current quarter to meet the aforementioned financial ratios and terms.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group has not violated any of the above covenants.

#### 10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

#### 11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

None.

#### 12. OTHERS

### (1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders, maintain an optimal capital structure to both reduce the cost of capital and to meet the monetary needs of improving productivity. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

### (2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

Details of financial instruments by category of the Group are described in Note 6 for various financial assets.

### B. Financial risk management policies

- a. The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group hedges foreign exchange risk by using forward foreign exchange contracts.
- b. Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group Finance Department) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group Finance Department identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### a. Market risk

### (a) Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and EUR. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. For more information about forward foreign exchange contracts that are used to hedge risk by the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024, refer to Note 6(2), "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss current".
- iii. The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. The Group's foreign operations are considered strategic investments; thus, no hedging for the purpose is conducted.
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, CNY and VND). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2024						
(Foreign currency:	Fore	ign Currency					
Functional currency)	A	Amount					
	(in 1	thousands)	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount			
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD : NTD	\$	42,336	32. 79	\$ 1, 388, 197			
EUR : NTD		1, 499	34.14	51, 176			
USD : CNY		3, 363	7. 30	110, 273			
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD		17,745	32. 79	581, 859			
USD : VND		644	25, 485. 00	21, 117			
	December 31, 2023						
		_	December 31, 202	3			
	Fore	ign Currency	December 31, 202	3			
(Foreign currency:			December 31, 202	3			
(Foreign currency: Functional currency)	A	ign Currency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount			
, ,	A	ign Currency Amount					
Functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u>	A	ign Currency Amount					
Functional currency)	A	ign Currency Amount		Carrying Amount			
Functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u>	(in 1	ign Currency Amount thousands)	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount \$ 640, 181			
Functional currency) Financial assets Monetary items USD: NTD	(in 1	ign Currency Amount thousands) 20, 846 604	Exchange Rate 30. 71	Carrying Amount			
Functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  EUR: NTD	(in 1	ign Currency Amount thousands)	Exchange Rate 30. 71 33. 98	Carrying Amount \$ 640, 181 20, 524			
Functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  EUR: NTD  USD: CNY	(in 1	ign Currency Amount thousands) 20, 846 604	Exchange Rate 30. 71 33. 98	Carrying Amount \$ 640, 181 20, 524			
Functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  USD: NTD  EUR: NTD  USD: CNY  Financial liabilities	(in 1	ign Currency Amount thousands) 20, 846 604	Exchange Rate 30. 71 33. 98	Carrying Amount \$ 640, 181 20, 524			

December 21 2024

- v. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, if the functional currency exchange rate had appreciated/depreciated by 1%, with all other factors remaining constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$7,573 and \$931, respectively.
- vi. The total exchange gain, including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$72,613 and \$1,268, respectively.

### (b)Price risk

i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are held as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group evaluates investment activities carefully. Accordingly, no material market risk is expected.

ii. The Group's investments in equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, other components of equity for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$934 and \$1,188, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income on equity investments classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income.

### (c) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arises from short-term and long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rate. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars, US dollars, Japanese yens and Chinese yuan.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$1,268 and \$1,033, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

#### b. Credit risk

- (a) Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the notes and accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortized cost.
- (b) The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire Group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only those with a high credit rating are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- (c)In line with credit risk management procedure, when the contract payments are past due over certain number days, the default has occurred.
- (d)The Group adopts the following assumptions to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
  - i. If the contract payments are past due over certain number of days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

- ii. If any external credit rating agency rates these instruments as investment grade, the credit risk of these financial assets is low. If the credit rating grade of an investment target degrades two scales, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- (e) The Group classifies customers' receivables in accordance with credit rating of customers. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss, and used the forecast ability concern to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of receivables. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for notes and accounts receivable are as follows:

	For the year ended December 31, 2024						
	Notes		A	ccounts			
	receivable		receivable		Total		
At January 1	\$	1,833	\$	15, 067	\$	16, 900	
Expected credit losses		70		9,903		9, 973	
Effect of foreign exchange		30		276		306	
At December 31	\$	1, 933	\$	25, 246	\$	27, 179	

		For the year ended December 31, 2023							
		Notes		Accounts					
	re	receivable		receivable		Total			
At January 1	\$	2, 446	\$	32, 217	\$	34, 663			
Expected credit gains	(	590)	(	1, 782)	(	2,372)			
Write-off of allowance for									
doubtful accounts		_	(	14,702)	(	14,702)			
Effect of foreign exchange	(	<u>23</u> )	(	<u>666</u> )	(	689)			
At December 31	<u>\$</u>	1,833	\$	15, 067	\$	16, 900			

#### c. Liquidity risk

- (a) Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by the Group Finance Department. Group Finance Department monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times.
- (b)Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above the balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group Finance Department. Group Finance Department invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts and time deposits, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts.

(c) The table below analyzes the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

			Between		Between		More than	
December 31, 2024	Le	ss than 1 year	_1	and 2 years	2 a	and 5 years		5 years
Non-derivative financial								
liabilities:								
Short-term borrowings	\$	2, 512, 129	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Notes payable		285		_		_		_
Accounts payable (including								
related parties)		2, 334, 670		-		_		-
Other payables (including								
related parties)		2, 033, 194		-		_		-
Lease liabilities (current								
and non-current)		219, 563		229,373		356, 167		476,607
Other financial liabilities -		25 590						
current		25, 580		_		_		_
Refund liabilities - current		19, 148		_		_		_
Long-term borrowings		71,485		2, 441, 421		1, 368, 355		-
Guarantee deposits received		_		9, 808		18, 662		-
				Between		Between	Ν	Iore than
December 31, 2023	Le	ss than 1 year	1	and 2 years	2 a	and 5 years		5 years
Non-derivative financial								
liabilities:								
Short-term borrowings	\$	2, 743, 366	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Accounts payable (including								
related parties)		1, 494, 946		_		_		_
Other payables (including								
related parties)		1, 526, 509		-		_		-
Lease liabilities (current								
and non-current)		268, 212		250,554		531, 297		494,768
Other financial liabilities -		00.000						
current		26, 309		_		_		_
Refund liabilities - current		21, 810		_		-		_
Long-term borrowings		72, 908		2, 653, 753		1, 559, 523		-
Guarantee deposits received		_		10,455		18, 151		-

(d)The Group does not expect the maturity date to end early nor the actual cash flow to be materially different.

#### (3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient

- frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in foreign exchange contracts is included in Level 2.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- B. The carrying amounts of financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, other financial assets current, guarantee deposits paid, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable (including related parties), other payables (including related parties), other financial liabilities current, refund liabilities current, long-term borrowings and guarantee deposits received) are approximate to their fair values.
- C. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets:					
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Forward foreign exchange	Ф	Ф 757	Ф	Ф 7Г7	
contracts	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 757</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 757</u>	
Financial assets at fair value					
through other comprehensive					
income					
Equity securities	<u>\$ 93, 379</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 93, 379</u>	
December 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets:					
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial assets at fair value					
through other comprehensive					
income					
Equity securities	\$ 118, 781	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ 118, 781</u>	

- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
  - (a) The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

Listed shares

Market quoted price

Closing price

(b) Forward foreign exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.

- E. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no transfer into or out between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no such situation of Level 3.

### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(According to the current regulatory requirements, the Group is only required to disclose the information for the year ended December 31, 2024.)

### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 2.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 3.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 4.
- I. Trading in derivative financial instruments undertaken during the reporting periods:
  - a. For more information about the Company's derivative instruments trading: Refer to Note 6(2), "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss current".
  - b. The subsidiaries have not traded derivative financial instruments.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Refer to table 5.

### (2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 6.

### (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Refer to table 7.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Refer to table 8.

### (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Refer to table 9.

### 14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

### (1) General information

The management of the Group has identified the operating segments based on information provided to the Group's chief operating decision-maker in order to make strategic decisions. The Group's

organization, basis of identification and measurement of segment information had no significant changes in this period.

## (2) Measurement of segment information

The chief operating decision-maker evaluates the performance of operating segments based on segment pre-tax income.

## (3) <u>Information about segment profit or loss and assets</u>

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

		For the year ended December 31, 2024												
			Τ	Γinplate Products	P	Plastic Products								
		Taiwan	iı	n Mainland China	in	Mainland China		Others		Total				
Revenue from external customers	\$	15, 621, 025	\$	4, 696, 651	\$	20, 892, 507	\$	3, 649, 115	\$	44, 859, 298				
Revenue from internal customers		613, 580		651, 273		181, 729				1, 446, 582				
Segment revenue	\$	16, 234, 605	\$	5, 347, 924	\$	21, 074, 236	\$	3, 649, 115	\$	46, 305, 880				
Segment income	\$	1, 802, 012	( <u>\$</u>	352, 929)	\$	1, 925, 781	\$	1, 134, 967	\$	4, 509, 831				
Segment assets	\$	28, 442, 912	\$	6, 515, 308	\$	20, 324, 627	\$	21, 746, 272	\$	77, 029, 119				
				For the y	ear e	nded December 31,	2023	1						
			Т	For the y		nded December 31, Plastic Products	2023							
		Taiwan			P		2023	Others		Total				
Revenue from external customers	\$	Taiwan 10, 119, 598		Γinplate Products	P	Plastic Products	2023		\$	Total 35, 240, 202				
Revenue from external customers Revenue from internal customers	\$	-	iı	Finplate Products  n Mainland China	P in	Plastic Products Mainland China		Others	\$					
	\$	10, 119, 598	iı	Finplate Products n Mainland China 3, 690, 024	P in	Plastic Products Mainland China 18, 522, 243		Others	\$ <u>\$</u>	35, 240, 202				
Revenue from internal customers	\$ \$ \$	10, 119, 598 1, 940, 997	\$	Finplate Products n Mainland China 3, 690, 024 608, 192	\$	Plastic Products Mainland China 18, 522, 243 117, 297	\$	Others 2, 908, 337 –	·	35, 240, 202 2, 666, 486				

## (4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss) and assets

A. Sales between segments were carried out at arm's length. Basis of measurement remained consistent with revenue in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker. A reconciliation of segment profit or loss before tax and the profit or loss before tax from continuing operations is shown below:

		For the years end	led Dec	ember 31,				
		2024		2023				
Income of reportable segments	\$	3, 374, 864	\$	1, 759, 729				
Income of other segments		1, 134, 967		700,664				
Elimination of intersegment transactions	(	<u>2, 282, 059</u> )	(	1, 435, 801)				
Net income before income tax from								
continuing operations	\$	2, 227, 772	\$	1, 024, 592				

B. The amount of total assets provided to the chief operating decision-maker adopts the same basis of measurement as assets in the Group's financial statements. The reconciliations between reportable segments' assets and total assets are as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2024	Dec	cember 31, 2023
Assets of reportable segments	\$	55, 282, 847	\$	52, 244, 877
Assets of other operating segments		21, 746, 272		20, 224, 262
Elimination of intersegment transactions	(	42, 105, 948)	(	39, 896, 299)
Total assets	\$	34, 923, 171	\$	32, 572, 840

## (5) <u>Information on products and services</u>

The Group's revenue information for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	 For the years ende	ed Dec	ember 31,
	 2024		2023
Revenue from products of Tinplate Revenue from products of Plastic pack	\$ 23, 921, 555	\$	16, 684, 456
(including filling)	 20, 937, 743		18, 555, 746
	\$ 44, 859, 298	\$	35, 240, 202

## (6) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Fo	r the year ended	Dece	mber 31, 2024	For the year ended December 31, 2023					
		Revenue	Nor	n-current assets		Revenue	No	n-current assets		
Taiwan	\$	3, 342, 903	\$ 4, 927, 061			3, 117, 962	\$	5, 784, 976		
Mainland China		28, 183, 086		13, 050, 726		24, 758, 168		13, 209, 426		
Others		13, 333, 309		26, 731		7, 364, 072		31, 291		
	\$	44, 859, 298	\$	18, 004, 518	\$	35, 240, 202	\$	19, 025, 693		

## (7) Major customer information

Major customer information of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

		For the year ended I	December 31, 2024
		Revenue	Segment
Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	<u>\$</u>	4, 635, 382	Plastic Products in Mainland China
		For the year ended I	December 31, 2023
		Revenue	Segment
Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	\$	3, 909, 197	Plastic Products in Mainland China

#### Loans to others

#### For the year ended December 31, 2024

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Table 1

Ltd.

Co., Ltd.

Nature of financial Total Reason for Allowance Related Actual amount activity transaction short-term for doubtful Collateral Loan limit Maximum amount Name of lender Name of borrower financing available for loan Account party Maximum balance Ending balance drawn down Interest rate (Note 1) amount accounts Item Value per entity Note 134,746 \$ 134,746 \$ \$ - \$ 1,137,881 \$ Kunshan Ton Yi Ton Yi (China) Other Y 2.615 2 \$ Operational 1,137,881 Note 2 Industrial Investment receivables use Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Y Kunshan Ton Yi Wuxi Ton Yi Other 359,322 359,322 224,576 3.015~3.315 2 1,137,881 1,137,881 Note 2 Operational Industrial Industrial receivables use Packing Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Kunshan Ton Yi Fujian Ton Yi Other Y 134,746 134,746 134,746 3.115~3.315 Operational 227,576 455,152 Note 2 Industrial Tinplate receivables use Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Chengdu Ton Yi Wuxi Ton Yi Other Y 404,237 404,237 404,237 2.765~3.315 2 Operational 467,162 467,162 Note 2 Industrial Industrial receivables use Packing Packing Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Y Taizhou Ton Yi Ton Yi (China) Other 134,746 134,746  $-2.265\sim2.515$ 2 Operational 1,831,263 1,831,263 Note 2 Investment Industrial receivables use Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Y Taizhou Ton Yi Huizhou Ton Yi Other 269,492 89,831 89,831 3.115~3.315 2 - Operational 1,831,263 1,831,263 Note 2 Industrial Industrial receivables use Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Taizhou Ton Yi Wuxi Ton Yi Other Y 157,203 157,203 157,203 2.765 2 Operational 1,831,263 1,831,263 Note 2 Industrial Industrial receivables use Co., Ltd. Packing Co., Ltd. Fujian Ton Yi Y Taizhou Ton Yi Other 247,034 134,746 134,746 3.115~3.215 Operational 366,253 732,505 Note 2 Industrial **Tinplate** receivables use Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Y Taizhou Ton Yi Wuxi Tonyi Other 179,661 179,661 179,661  $2.765 \sim 3.315$ 2 - Operational 366,253 732,505 Note 2 Industrial Daiwa receivables use Co., Ltd. Industrial Co., Ltd. Sichuan Ton Yi Wuxi Ton Yi Other Y 247,034 157,203 157,203  $2.765 \sim 3.115$ 2 Operational 1,344,703 1,344,703 Note 2 Industrial Co., Industrial receivables use Ltd. Packing Co., Ltd. Ton Yi (China) Other Sichuan Ton Yi Y 134,746 134,746  $-2.265\sim2.615$ Operational 1,344,703 1,344,703 Note 2 Industrial Co., Investment receivables use

				Related			Actual amount		Nature of financial activity	Total transaction	Reason for short-term	Allowance for doubtful	Coll	ateral	Loan limit	Maximum amount	
NO.	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account	party	Maximum balance	Ending balance	drawn down	Interest rate	(Note 1)	amount	financing	accounts	Item	Value	per entity	available for loan	Note
4	Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.		Other receivables	Y	\$ 404,237			3.115~3.315	2		Operational use		_	\$ - \$			
4	Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	134,746	2.765~3.115	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	268,941	537,881	Note 2
4	Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	179,661	179,661	179,661	3.115~3.315	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	268,941	537,881	Note 2
5	Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	606,356	426,695	426,695	2.765~3.315	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	993,768	993,768	Note 2
5	Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	2.515~2.615	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	993,768	993,768	Note 2
5	Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	134,746	2.765	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	198,754	397,507	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	3.115	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	-	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	314,407	134,746	-	3.115~3.315	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2

NO.	Name of lander	r Name of borrower	Aggount	Related	Maximum balance	Ending balance	Actual amount		Nature of financial activity (Note 1)	Total transaction	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful		ateral Value	Loan limit	Maximum amount available for loan	Noto
			-	party Y				Interest rate		s -	Operational	accounts \$ -	—		per entity		Note
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Tianjin Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	\$ 134,746	\$ 134,746	\$ -	_	2	\$ -	use	ъ -	_	\$ -	\$ 13,426,473	\$ 13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	763,560	606,356	471,610	2.765~3.315	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	13,426,473	13,426,473	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	943,221	628,814	628,814	2.765~3.315	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	2,685,295	5,370,589	Note 2
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	89,831	-	-	3.115	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	2,685,295	5,370,589	Note 2
7	Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	2.515~2.615	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	2,139,995	2,139,995	Note 2
7	Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	3.115	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	427,999	855,998	Note 2
8	Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	1,582,470	1,582,470	Note 2
9	Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	1,068,939	1,068,939	Note 2
9	Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	291,949	89,831	89,831	3.015~3.215	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	1,068,939	1,068,939	Note 2
9	Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	224,576	112,288	112,288	2.765~3.115	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	1,068,939	1,068,939	Note 2
9	Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Tianjin Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	89,831	-	-	3.215	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	1,068,939	1,068,939	Note 2
9	Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	202,119	134,746	134,746	3.115	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	213,788	427,576	Note 2
10	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	1,666,133	1,666,133	Note 2

									Nature of financial	Total	Reason for	Allowance					
				Related			Actual amount		activity	transaction	short-term	for doubtful	Coll	ateral	Loan limit	Maximum amount	
NO.	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account	party	Maximum balance	Ending balance	drawn down	Interest rate	(Note 1)	amount	financing	accounts	Item	Value	per entity	available for loan	Note
11	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	\$ 404,237	\$ 269,492	\$ 269,492	3.015~3.315	2	\$ -	Operational use	\$ -	_	-	\$ 436,262	\$ 872,524	Note 2
11	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.		Other receivables	Y	202,119	179,661	179,661	3.115	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	436,262	872,524	Note 2
11	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	157,203	157,203	157,203	3.115~3.315	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	436,262	872,524	Note 2
12	Tianjin Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	134,746	134,746	-	_	2	-	Operational use	-	_	-	470,338	470,338	Note 2

(Note 1) Nature of loans to others is filled as follows:

- (1) For trading partner.
- (2) For short-term financing.

(Note 2) The maximum loan amount is 40% of its net assets.

- (1) Trading partner: The maximum amount for individual trading partner shall not exceed the higher of total purchase or sale transactions during the reporting period or the most recent year.
- (2) Short-term financing: The maximum amount for short-term financing is 20% of the company's net assets; If the company loans to foreign subsidiaries, which the Company holds 100% ownership directly or indirectly, the maximum amount for the subsidiary is 100% of the company's net assets.

(Note 3) Foreign currency was translated into New Taiwan Dollars with exchange rate as of December 31, 2024 as follows: CNY:NTD 1: 4.491527.

### Holding of marketable securities at the end of the year (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

### December 31, 2024

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD

					As of Decen	nber 31, 2024		
Investor	Marketable securities type and name	Relationship with the issuer	General ledger account (Note)	Shares/units (in thousands)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value	Note
Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	Stocks:							
	JFE Holdings Inc.	_	1	250	\$ 93,379	0.04%	\$ 93,379	_

(Note) The code number explanation is as follows:

1. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current

### Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in captial or more

### For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 3 Expressed in thousands of NTD

			Transaction					compared to thin	d party transactions	Note			
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit terms	Unit price	Credit terms	Endin	g balance	Percentage of total notes or accounts receivable/(payable)	Note
Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	(Sales)	(\$	545,229)	(3)	50 days after shipping, T/T	\$		\$	14,791	1	_
Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	TTET union Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	374,353)	(2)	Within 30 days of statements settled monthly, T/T		. –		32,331	2	_
Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	President (Kunshan) Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	764,091)	(22)	25~45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		. –		54,838	11	-
Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	(Sales)	(	525,776)	(15)	Within 30 days of statements settled monthly, T/T		-		89,559	18	-
Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	(Sales)	(	456,096)	(13)	Within 30 days of statements settled monthly, T/T		-		38,820	8	_
Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Purchases		525,776	81	Within 30 days of statements settled monthly, T/T		_	(	89,559)	(76)	_
Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Jiangsu Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Purchases		499,731	42	67 days after invoice date, T/T		_	(	85,175)	(47)	-
Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Purchases		456,096	38	Within 30 days of statements settled monthly, T/T		_	(	38,820)	(21)	_

				Transaction						isaction terms		counts receivable/(payable)		
					Trans	action		С	compared to third p	arty transactions				
		Relationship with the	Purchases			Percentage of total purchases							Percentage of total notes or accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)		Amount	(sales)	Credit terms		Unit price	Credit terms	<u> </u>	Ending balance	receivable/(payable)	Note
Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Purchases	\$	146,207	12	67 days after invoice date, T/T	\$	-	_	(\$	33,115)	(18)	_
Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	The Company	Purchases		545,229	12	50 days after shipping, T/T		-	_	(	14,791)	(35)	_
Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Jiangsu Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	(Sales)	(	1,914,433)	(36)	67 days after invoice date, T/T		-	_		139,896	14	_
Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	(Sales)	(	146,207)	(3)	67 days after invoice date, T/T		-	_		33,115	3	-
Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Purchases		1,914,433	100	67 days after invoice date, T/T		-	_	(	139,896)	(100)	_
Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	(Sales)	(	499,731)	(26)	67 days after invoice date, T/T		-	_		85,175	9	_
Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd. accounted for using equity method	(Sales)	(	129,129)	(57)	50% prepaid/ 50% 15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		4,805	47	_
Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases		202,260	13	5~15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_	(	10,318)	(5)	_
Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	1,875,023)	(74)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		207,688	75	_
Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd. accounted for using equity method	(Sales)	(	104,974)	(4)	15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		12,746	5	_

						difference in trar	isaction terms							
					Transac	ction		C	compared to third p	arty transactions	1	Notes or accounts	receivable/(payable)	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit terms		Unit price	Credit terms	E,	nding balance	Percentage of total notes or accounts receivable/(payable)	Note
•						` '		ф.	Omit price	Credit terms				Note
Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases	\$	278,275	13	15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T	\$	-	_	(\$	21,096)	(11)	_
Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Taizhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	2,479,230)	(72)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		310,590	77	_
Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	169,518)	(5)	45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		13,415	3	_
Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases		226,113	19	5~45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_	(	33,300)	(23)	_
Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Chengdu President Enterprises Food Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	1,379,810)	(70)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		111,400	59	_
Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	121,775)	(6)	50% prepaid/ 50% 45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		6,710	4	_
Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuhan President Enterprises Food Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	112,085)	(6)	45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		27,720	15	_
Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases		373,016	24	5~45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_	(	75,646)	(32)	_
Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Purchases		104,974	7	15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_	(	12,746)	(5)	-
Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	2,170,607)	(84)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		306,774	96	_

									difference in tran	saction terms				
					Transa	ction		co	mpared to third p	arty transactions		Notes or accounts	receivable/(payable)	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit terms		Unit price	Credit terms	En	nding balance	Percentage of total notes or accounts receivable/(payable)	Note
Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases	\$	452,009	21	5~45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	-	(\$	21,957)	(11)	_
Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Purchases		129,129	6	50% prepaid/ 50% 15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_	(	4,805)	(2)	
Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	President (Kunshan) Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	2,978,478)	(98)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		270,120	99	_
Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases		145,907	13	5~45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		-	-	_
Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Beijing President Enterprises Drinks Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	1,737,191)	(97)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		151,152	100	_
Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases		421,783	23	15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_	(	13,999)	(5)	_
Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Chengdu President Enterprises Food Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	2,533,112)	(98)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		279,415	100	_
Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases		267,983	25	5∼45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_	(	15,164)	(15)	-
Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Zhanjiang President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	1,434,748)	(84)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		107,893	80	_
Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	259,993)	(15)	50% prepaid/ 50% 45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		26,021	19	_

			Transaction						ed to third j	earty transactions	N	Notes or accounts	receivable/(payable)	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit terms	Unit	price	Credit terms	Enc	ding balance	Percentage of total notes or accounts receivable/(payable)	Note
Tianjin Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Shanghai E & P Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Purchases	\$	142,005	20	5∼45 days after receipt of invoice, T/T	\$	-	-	(\$	32,206)	(26)	_
Tianjin Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Uni-President Enterprises (TianJin) Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	(Sales)	(	771,004)	(69)	25 days after receipt of invoice, T/T		-	_		115,212	93	_

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) The above terms are in accordance with the company's policy on credit management, refer to Note 7 Related Party Transactions for details.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) Foreign currency was translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the following exchange rates: Ending balances of receivables and payables were translated using the exchange rate as of December 31, 2024 (USD:NTD 1:32.785; CNY:NTD 1:4.491527).

Purchases and sales were translated using the weighted-average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2024 (USD:NTD 1:32.125081; CNY:NTD 1:4.461664).

## Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

### December 31, 2024

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

		Relationship	Ending bal	ance		Overdue	receivables	Amount received in	Allowance for doubtful
Company name	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Items	Amount	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent period	accounts
Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	\$ 404,540	-	\$ -	_	\$ -	\$ -
Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Jiangsu Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Accounts receivable	139,896	10.16	-	=	139,896	-
Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	274,541	-	-	=	609	-
Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	183,936	-	-	_	-	-
Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	157,326	-	-	_	-	-
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd	. Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	635,721	-	-	_	-	-
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd	. Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	480,896	-	-	_	159	-
Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable	207,688	9.41	-	_	199,648	-
Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Taizhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable	310,590	10.03	-	_	310,590	-
Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	180,952	-	-	_	-	-
Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	157,461	-	-	_	88	-
Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	136,693	-	-	_	-	-

		Relationship		ance		Overdue	receivables	A	Allowance for
Company name	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Ending bal  Items	Amount	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	Amount received in subsequent period	doubtful accounts
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Chengdu President Enterprises Food Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable	\$ 111,400		\$		\$ 111,400	
Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Guangzhou President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable	306,774	8.49			285,691	-
Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	President (Kunshan) Trading Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable	270,120	13.37			270,120	-
Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	229,593	-		_ =	138,815	-
Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	138,337	-		_	-	-
Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Beijing President Enterprises Drinks Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable	151,152	11.32		_	151,152	-
Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian  Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	137,882	-		_	-	-
Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	112,412	-		_	-	-
Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Chengdu President Enterprises Food Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable	279,415	8.38			279,415	-
Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	183,237	-			-	-
Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	157,712	-			62	-
Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	135,170	-			-	-
Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Zhanjiang President Enterprises Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable	107,893	14.42			103,798	-
Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co.,Ltd.	An investee company of Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	427,002	-		_	-	-

Company name	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Ending bal	lance	Amount	Turnover rate	Overdue Amount		eivables Action taken	Amount received in subsequent period	Allowance for doubtful accounts
Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	An investee company of Cayman Fujian  Ton Yi Holdings Ltd. accounted for using equity method	Other receivables	\$	134,808	- \$	-	-	_	\$ -	-
Tianjin Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Uni-President Enterprises (TianJin) Co., Ltd.	An investee company of parent company (Uni-President Enterprises Corp.) to entity with joint control or significant influence	Accounts receivable		115,212	8.21	-	=	_	115,212	-

<sup>(</sup>Note) Foreign currency was translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the following exchanges: Ending balances of receivables and subsequent collections were translated using the exchange rate as of December 31, 2024 (CNY:NTD 1:4.491527; USD:NTD 1:32.785).

### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

## For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 5 Expressed in thousands of NTD

					npany transaction		
No (Note 2)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 3)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated net revenues or total assets (Note 4)
0	Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	1	Sales	\$ 545,229	50 days after shipping, T/T	1
1	Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	404,540	_	1
2	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	525,776	Within 30 days of statements settled monthly, T/T	1
		Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	456,096	Within 30 days of statements settled monthly, T/T	1
3	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	1,914,433	67 days after invoice date, T/T	4
		Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	139,896	_	_
		Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	146,207	67 days after invoice date, T/T	_
4	Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	499,731	67 days after invoice date, T/T	1
		Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	274,541	_	1
		Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	183,936	_	1
		Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	157,326	_	_
5	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	129,129	50% prepaid / 50% 15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T	_
6	Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	635,721	_	2
		Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	480,896	_	1
7	Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	104,974	15 days after receipt of invoice, T/T	_
8	Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	180,952	_	1
		Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	157,461	_	_
		Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	136,693	_	_
9	Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	229,593	_	1
		Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	138,337	_	_
10	Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	137,882	-	_
		Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	112,412	_	_
11	Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	183,237	_	1
		Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	157,712	_	_
		Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	135,170	_	_

				Intercompany transaction								
No			Relationship					Percentage of consolidated net revenues or total assets				
(Note 2)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 3)	General ledger account		Amount	Transaction terms	(Note 4)				
12	Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	\$	427,002	_	1				
		Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables		134,808	_	_				

- (Note 1) Transactions among the parent company and subsidiaries with amount over NTD\$100,000 and one side of them are disclosed.
- (Note 2) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:
  - (1) The Company is '0'.
  - (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- (Note 3) Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:
  - (1) The Company to subsidiary.
  - (2) Subsidiary to the Company.
  - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- (Note 4) Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- (Note 5) Foreign currency was translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the following exchanges: Ending balances of receivables were translated using the exchange rate as of December 31, 2024 (CNY:NTD 1:4.491527); Sales were translated using the weighted-average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2024 (CNY:NTD 1:4.461664).

### Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China)

#### For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD

				Original inves	stment amount	Shares hel	ld as of Decembe	er 31, 2024			
Investor company	Investee company	Location	Main business activities	Balance at December 31, 2024	Balance at December 31, 2023	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Net income (loss) of the investee	Income (loss) recognized by the Company	Note
Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Cayman	General investment	\$ 13,399,488	\$ 13,399,488	43,470,820	100.00	\$ 18,600,289	\$ 1,161,466		Subsidiary
Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	Tovecan Corp.	Vietnam	Manufacturing and sale of cans	43,740	43,740	-	51.00	45,420	( 9,433)	( 4,811)	Subsidiary
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	Cayman	General investment	7,540,550	7,540,550	230,000,000	100.00	13,426,494	1,428,492	-	Subsidiary (Note 1)
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	Cayman	General investment	2,100,275	2,100,275	8,727	100.00	1,668,493	( 218,457)	-	Subsidiary (Note 1)
Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Jiangsu Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	Cayman	General investment	1,177,073	1,177,073	5,000	100.00	1,807,383	( 45,979)	-	Subsidiary (Note 1)
Cayman Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Ton Yi (China) Holdings Ltd.	Cayman	General investment	7,540,550	7,540,550	230,000,000	100.00	13,426,494	1,428,492	-	Subsidiary (Note 1)

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) Not required to disclose income (loss) recognized by the Company.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) Foreign currency was translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the following exchanges: Ending balances and carrying value were translated using the exchange rate as of December 31, 2024 (USD:NTD 1:32.785); Profit and loss were translated using the weighted-average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2024 (USD:NTD 1:32.125081).

## Information on investments in Mainland China - Basic information

### For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland	Investm Remitted to	ent amount	Accumulated - amount of remittance from	Net income	Ownership held by the Company	Income (loss)	Carrying amount as of		
	Main business		Investment	China as of	Mainland	Remitted back	Taiwan as of	(loss) of the	(direct or	recognized by	December 31,	Accumulated	
Investee company	activities	Paid-in capital	method	January 1, 2024	China	to Taiwan	December 31, 2024	investee	indirect)	the Company	2024	remittance	Note
Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM, sale of cans	\$ 885,195	Note 1	\$ 229,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 229,495 (	(\$ 32,309)	100.00	(\$ 30,639)	\$ 877,681	\$ -	Note 7
Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.	Sale of cans	245,888	Note 1	245,888	-	-	245,888	16,281	100.00	16,281	467,160	-	Note 7
Changsha Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Sale of cans	229,495	Note 1	-	-	-	-	11,768	100.00	11,768	354,866	-	Note 7
Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of tinplate	2,835,903	Note 2	1,748,981	-	-	1,748,981 (	251,665)	86.80	( 218,457)	1,668,493	-	Note 7
Jiangsu Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	Sales of tinplate	1,311,400	Note 3	909,784	-	-	909,784 (	55,491)	82.86	( 45,979)	1,807,383	-	Note 7
Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	General investment	7,540,550	Note 4	983,550	-	-	983,550	1,532,512	100.00	1,532,512	13,426,429	2,581,010	Note 7
Zhangzhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	983,550	Note 5	983,550	-	-	983,550	248,101	100.00	248,101	2,139,995	-	Note 7
Taizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	983,550	Note 5	983,550	-	-	983,550	366,170	100.00	366,170	1,831,263	-	Note 7
Chengdu Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	983,550	Note 5	377,028	-	-	377,028	199,522	100.00	199,522	1,582,470	-	Note 7
Huizhou Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	983,550	Note 5	196,710	-	-	196,710	252,212	100.00	252,212	1,666,133	-	Note 7
Kunshan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	983,550	Note 5	-	-	-	-	100,252	100.00	100,252	1,137,881	-	Note 7
Beijing Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	983,550	Note 5	-	-	-	-	8,069	100.00	8,069	1,068,939	-	Note 7

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland		nent amount	Accumulated - amount of remittance from	Net income	Ownership held by the Company	Income (loss)	Carrying amount as of		
	Main business		Investment	China as of	Mainland	Remitted back	Taiwan as of	(loss) of the	(direct or	recognized by	December 31,	Accumulated	
Investee company	activities	Paid-in capital	method	January 1, 2024	China	to Taiwan	December 31, 2024	investee	indirect)	the Company	2024	remittance	Note
Sichuan Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	\$ 983,550	Note 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 191,472	100.00	\$ 191,472	\$ 1,344,703	\$ -	Note 7
Zhanjiang Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	655,700	Note 5	-	-	-	-	142,634	100.00	142,634	993,768	-	Note 7
Tianjin Ton Yi Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of PET packages and beverage filling OEM	655,700	Note 5	-	-	-	-	26,415	100.00	26,415	470,338	-	Note 7
Wuxi Tonyi Daiwa Industrial Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and sale of new bottle can	1,311,400	Note 6	-	-	-	-	( 72,551)	66.50	( 48,246	529,467	-	Note 7
		Investment amount authorized	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China	ı									
	Accumulated amount of remittance	by the Investment Commission of	imposed by the Investment										
	from Taiwan to Mainland China	the Ministry of	Commission of										
	as	Economic Affairs	MOEA										
Company name	of December 31, 2024	(MOEA)	(Note 8)	-									
Ton Yi Industrial Corp.	\$ 6,658,536	\$ 13,326,683	\$ 13,026,896										

(Note 1) Through investing in an existing company in the third area (Cayman Ton Yi Industrial Holdings Ltd.), which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(Note 2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area (Cayman Fujian Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.), which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(Note 3) Through investing in an existing company in the third area (Cayman Jiangsu Ton Yi Holdings Ltd.), which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(Note 4) Through investing in an existing company in the third area (Cayman Ton Yi (China) Holdings Limited), which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(Note 5) Through investing in an existing company in the Mainland China (Ton Yi (China) Investment Co., Ltd.), which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(Note 6) Through investing in an existing company in the Mainland China (Wuxi Ton Yi Industrial Packing Co., Ltd.), which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(Note 7) The Company recognized income (loss) based on audited financial statements.

(Note 8) The ceiling amount is 60% of consolidated net assets.

(Note 9) Foreign currency was translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the following exchanges: Ending investment balances were translated using the exchange rate as of December 31, 2024 (CNY:NTD 1:4.491527, USD:NTD 1:32.785); Investment gains or losses were translated using the weighted-average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2024 (CNY:NTD 1:4.461664, USD:NTD 1:32.125081).

## Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

## For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 8 Expressed in thousands of NTD

	Sales/(purchas	Sales/(purchases)		ansaction	A	(payable)	able/		orsements/guarantees or ollaterals		Financin	g		<del>-</del>
Investee in					]	Balance at		Balance at		Maximum balance during	Balance at		Interest during the	
Mainland					De	ecember 31,		December 31,		the year ended	December 31,		year ended	
China	Amount	%	Amount	%		2024	%	2024	Purpose	December 31, 2024	2024	Interest rate	December 31, 2024	Others
Fujian Ton Yi Tinplate Co., Ltd.	\$ 545.229	3	\$		\$	14.791	1	\$		\$ -	\$ -	_	\$ -	

#### Major shareholders information

### December 31, 2024

Table 9 Expressed in shares

Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership Percentage
Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	719,357,425	45.55%
Toyota Tsusho Corporation	88,549,987	5.60%

(Note) The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a different calculation basis.